OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

Circulation Larger than ever before, and steadily and rapidly increasing.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXI.—NO. 125. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,515

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

A resolution of inquiry, calling for information as to the condition of the reconcentrados in Cuba and the progress made by Spain in efforts to induce Cubans to accept autonomy was adopted in the House of Representatives yesterday; also, a resolution calling for correspondence as to the exclusion of American fruits, horses and beef from Germany. ——Senator Marion Butler, Chairman of the Populist National Committee and ex-Senator DuBois will attend the Populist meeting in Minneapolis to induce the meeting to pronounce in favor of united action by all the silver forces in elections, regardless of political affiliation of candidates. ——Butler and Pritchard have secured further postponement of consideration of the nomination of Ewart for United States District Court Judge ——It is denied that Gen. Lee, Consul General at Havana, has tendered his resignation. ——A satisfactory adjustment of the De Lome affair is confidently expected by the United States government; but it maintains reticence as to the contents of the cablegram from Minister Woodford. —— The United States cruiser Montgomery sailed from Port-au-Prince late Sunday night under orders from Washington; it is believed for Havana. —— Senor Louis Polo Bernabe has been appointed to succeed Minister De Lome at Washington. ——The Carpenter Steel Company, Reading, Pa., is working day and night turning out projectiles for the United States government. ——A cargo of arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents, on a tug boat, left Delaware river Sunday night; one of seven tugs sent out the same night from different points along the coast with similar cargoes. ——Hon. W. J. Bryan will attend the conference of leading silver advocates of the Northwest at the Minneapolis meeting. —— Reports from all sections of the Chinese empire show that riot and attack upon foreigners is the order of the day; in Japan the priests have promulgated resolutions refusing to deal with or rent lands or houses to foreigners or to listen to Christianity. —— The Spanish government refuses to make disavowal of the insult to President McKinley contained in De Lome's letter ——N. Y. markets: Money on call easy at 1½@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 6½c; flour was steady but quiet; wheat—spot firm; No. 2 red $1.04½; corn—spot firm; No. 2 37½c; rosin steady; strained, common to good $1.40@1.45; spirits turpentine was firm at 34½@34½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 38 deg.; 8 P. M., 56 deg.; maximum, 68 deg.; minimum, 36 deg.; mean, 53 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to-date, .21.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The Lake storm area has moved during the day to the New England States, causing light precipitation in its passage with rain continuing at Boston. The Northwest storm has moved to central near Davenport and is causing snow over the upper lakes and at Detroit. Fair weather prevails generally over the remainder of the country, with rising temperature, except over the upper lakes north of the storm center, where it is colder.

Local forecast to 12 midnight Tuesday: Generally fair and warmer; southwest winds.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. 3.4 feet.

Port Almanac—February 15.

Sun Rises	6.50 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.40 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 50 M.
High Water at Southport	1.28 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	3.08 P. M.

The town of Victor, in California, has bounced its whole police force for crookedness, and now matters are running pretty straight.

Rutland, Va., is proud of a dog that weighs 300 pounds and measures six and a half feet in length. He bears the royal name of Nero.

The toll-gate raiding festivities continue in Kentucky. The Governor one day last week ordered forty rifles into one of the counties to enable the sheriff to take a part.

A Louisiana doctor claims to have discovered the yellow fever germ. The yellow fever germ discovered Louisiana some time ago, but isn't doing much blowing about it.

Microbes are said to revel in tobacco pipes. Pretty tough microbes that would take up quarters in an old pipe. But there is no accounting for the freaks of the microbe.

Philadelphia seems to have the chinch on railroad locomotive building. The Baldwin works have recently received orders for thirty-five new ones, several of which go to Japan.

It is said that the great ambition of the average Mexican boy is to become a bull-fighter. It is the ambition of a good many American boys to become bull-fighters and bear-fighters. In the first lessons they take in Wall street and other similar arenas, some of them get pretty badly stove up.

Some people think newspaper editors know everything. One asks the New York *World* "If Mrs. Nack had been sentenced to the electric chair would Mrs. Place have gone crazy and killed her stepdaughter and tried to kill her husband?" The scribes on the *World* may be bright fellows but how in the mischief can they tell what would have happened to Mrs. Place, as they probably never heard of her until she performed with that axe?

Steel rails are going up. The principal manufacturers propose to have a whiff of the wave of prosperity and have agreed to put the price up to $18 or $20 a ton, from $16. When they were selling for $16 the manufacturers were shipping them to other countries and were underselling English and German rail makers.

John Bull may not always be noted for the celerity of his movements, or for his fondness for practical jokes. But he played a good one on the other naval powers on the Pacific, which are performing in the Chinese entertainment, when he bought up all the coal in sight at Singapore and in the Chinese and Japanese ports.

Mr. Rockefeller has to take business in broken doses, but little at a time. The doctors won't let him stick at it more than fifteen minutes at a time. His nerves will not stand more. If he would get rid of about four fifths of his money it would help his nerves and he would have more time for fun.

Some of the New York business men want the President to intervene in the Cuban racket. Probably they have some money invested they would like to have secured through intervention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Palace Bakery—Choice fruit.
Tariff Association—Notice.
S. A. L.—Mardi Gras Festival.
Masonic—Meeting Wil. Lodge.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. W. D. Addison, of Roanoke is here.

Mr. W. S. Clough, of Chadbourn, is here.

— Mr. S. A. Schloss has gone to Charlotte on business.

— Mr. E. O. Alston, of Raleigh, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Nathan O'Berry, of Goldsboro, is a visitor in the city.

— Mr. E. Willis Williams, a citizen of Newbern, is in the city.

— Mr. M. T. Klein, of Jackson, ville, spent yesterday in the city.

— Mr. J. A. Jones, of Yanceyville, was in Wilmington yesterday.

— Superintendent J. M. Mewbourne, of the State Penitentiary, spent last night in the city.

— Mr. W. N. Harriss and family and Mrs. George Harriss, Jr., of Philadelphia, arrived in the city Sunday.

— Miss Errol Hay, one of Hickory's fairest and most charming young ladies, is in the city, the guest of Miss Carrie Maffitt, on Dock street.

— Dr. Bernheim, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran Church, returned yesterday from Newbern, where he filled an appointment Sunday.

— Mr. Joe Jacobs, one of Winston's most wealthy and influential citizens, arrived in the city last night and is registered at The Orton. Mr. Jacobs conducts the leading Hebrew clothing store of the city.

Grace Church Quarterly Conference.

The first quarterly conference of Grace M. E. Church for the current year was held last night at the parsonage, corner of Second and Walnut streets. The conference was well attended and highly satisfactory to the faithful workers in this flourishing church.

One of the most important matters to engage their attention was the election of various officers for the ensuing year. Class-leaders were elected as follows: Messrs. Thos. E. Davis, J. H. Beery, W. E. Perdew, John Frank, W. M. Covington and Dr. W. C. Galloway.

The following gentlemen were added to the Board of Stewards: Messrs. J. B. Mercer, Jos. T. King, A. C. Ashcraft, J. W. Keen and W. F. Carpenter.

Many matters pertaining to the work of the church were discussed and plans for yet more aggressive work were formulated.

To-night at Saint James Parish House.

Don't forget the entertainment at the Parish House, St. James church to-night. "Love and Mushrooms," an attractive and laughable play, will be presented by some of Wilmington's best amateur talent. There will be in addition some tableaux that will alone be worth the price of admission, which is only 25 cents. Tickets to this excellent entertainment can be had at Mr. H. J. Gerken's cigar store.

The entertainment is given by St. Cecilia Circle of the Ladies' Auxiliary, and the members of the circle have worked hard and faithfully to arrange a programme that the people will be pleased with. About twenty-five people will take part. The performance will open promptly at 8.30 o'clock to-night.

FIRST GUN OF THE CAMPAIGN.

It Will Be Fired Next Tuesday In Raleigh and Will Be Heard Around the State.

DEMOCRATIC EX. COMMITTEE.

State Convention to Be Called—Looks Like the Great Fight Will Begin Early—List of Members of the State Executive and Central Committees.

The following is the official notice of a meeting of the State Democratic Executive Committee to be held in Raleigh next Tuesday:

DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS, STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 3, 1898.

There will be a meeting of The State Democratic Executive Committee held at the Yarboro House, in the City of Raleigh, Tuesday, Feb. 22nd, 1898, at eight o'clock P. M.

It is to be hoped that there will be a full attendance as matters connected with the time and place of calling the State Convention and other matters of importance will be considered.

CLEMENT MANLY, Chairman.
JNO. W. THOMPSON, Secretary.

We give below a list of the members of the State Democratic Executive Committee and of the Central Committee, nearly all of whom are expected at the meeting next week, as it is probable the time and place for holding the State convention will be fixed:

State Committee.

W. G. Lamb, Williamston.
W. B. Rodman, Washington.
L. J. Laughinhouse, Grimesland.
T. G. Skinner, Hertford,
J. W. Grainger, Kinston.
F. D. Winston, Windsor.
H. C. Bourne, Tarboro.
W. A. Dunn, Scotland Neck.
H. L. Stevens, Warsaw.
J. M. Davis, Linden.
H. L. Cook, Fayetteville.
W. D. McIver, Newbern.
E. C. Beddingfield, Millbrook.
H. A. London, Pittsboro.
F. S. Spruill, Louisburg.
J. R. Young, Henderson.
A. E. Walters, Reidsville.
Samuel Gattis, Hillsboro.
B. S. Graves, Yanceyville.
J. D. Glenn, Greensboro.
Heriot Clarkson, Charlotte.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
Walter H. Neal, Laurinburg.
Paul B. Means, Concord.
S. J. Pemberton, Albemarle.
A. D. Watts, Statesville.
R. N. Hackett, Wilkesboro.
W. C. Newland, Lenoir.
R. L. Durham, Gastonia.
J. R. Lewellyn, Dobson.
W. T. Lee, Waynesville.
Geo. A. Jones, Franklin.
S. Gallert, Rutherfordton.
D. M. Luther, Asheville.

Central Committee.

J. S. Carr, Durham.
J. H. Pou, Smithfield.
F. M. Simmons, Raleigh.
E. C. Smith, Raleigh.
T. J. Jarvis, Greenville.
T. F. Kluttz, Salisbury.
J. R. Webster, Reidsville.
E. J. Hale, Fayetteville.
R. J. Brevard, Charlotte.

Clement Manly, Winston, is Chairman, and John W. Thompson, Raleigh, Secretary.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

Probably Be a Straight Fight Between Democrats and Republicans.

Indications, now point to a straight fight in this Congressional district between the Democrats and the Republicans. The Populists have had the nomination twice in succession, and as the Republicans largely outnumber the Populists in the district, they will be quite sure to insist that "turn about is fair play." A Populist decoy duck may be placed in the field by the Republicans; but this will fool nobody but the Republicans themselves.

There will be "divers and sundry" Republican aspirants for the nomination, and Sheriff Smith, of Richmond, Mr. R. M. Croom, of Pender, and Dr. R. M. Norment, of Robeson, have already raised their lightning rods.

As to the Democratic candidate, there seems to be a strong disposition throughout the district to concede the nomination to Wilmington, as a matter of justice, she not having been thus favored since 1876.

For Methodist Parsonages.

Rev. A. P. Tyer, pastor of Grace M. E. Church, yesterday received a bill of lading for a shipment of shade-trees, shrubs and flowers for the parsonages of Grace and Bladen Street churches, and also for the district parsonage. Mr. Jno. A. Young, of the Greensboro Nursery, is the donor. It will be remembered that he a short time ago offered to donate to each parsonage in the State any variety of nursery goods to the value of $10 which might be selected. The shipment received by Rev. Mr. Tyer consists of shade trees, shrubbery and flowers, and being for three parsonages is valued at $30.

The Late Dr. Hayes.

Dr. W. J. Hayes, for many years a prominent and honored citizen of Mecklenburg county, died at 1 o'clock Friday morning last, at the home of his brother-in-law Capt. S. B. Alexander, three miles from Charlotte. He graduated from Chapel Hill in 1842, in the same class with Dr. W. W. Harriss, of Wilmington; Capt. Frank T. Bryan, of St. Louis, Mo.; the late Dr. J. J. Summerell, of Salisbury, and the late Gen. R. Barringer, of Charlotte.

LOCAL DOTS.

— A license was issued yesterday for the marriage of D. D. Benjamin and Mary Weel, colored, both of Wilmington.

— The chemicals advertised for sale at the Custom House yesterday were sold to Messrs. J. C. Munds and H. L. Fentress.

— At a meeting of the Naval Reserves held last night steps were taken looking to the purchase of new blue trousers to match the coats now in use.

— Dr. Hoge and party of tourists are due to land at Gibraltar to-day. To-morrow they will "do" Malaga and Granada, and Algiers on the day following.

— Mr. J. W. Barnes, Jr., received telegraphic quotations on lettuce from Philadelphia and New York yesterday as follows: J. P. Moyer & Co., Philadelphia, $2.50 to $5.50; B. S. Jones & Co., New York, $5.00 to $6.00.

— Thomas Pickett and John Norman, two colored men, got into a fight Sunday on Water street, and Pickett came out of it with a big gash on his head from a frying pan wielded by Norman. The final outcome appears in the report of the city court elsewhere.

— Three cases were disposed of by His Honor Mayor Wright yesterday. Tom Brown and Gilbert Telfair were charged with drunkenness. Brown was dismissed with the payment of costs and Telfair was fined $5.00. John Norman, for fighting, paid $2.50 and costs.

— There were two cases in Justice Fowler's court yesterday. Both were for disorderly conduct. In the case of Thos. Girard judgment was suspended on the payment of costs. Josephine Smith was adjudged guilty, but allowed to go on the condition that the offence be not repeated.

— The executive committee of L'Agile German club met yesterday evening and made final arrangements for the Wednesday night german. As the STAR has heretofore stated this will be the last dance this club will give before Lent. The last dance of the season will be by L'Arioso Cotillon club on Thursday night.

— In Justice Bunting's court yesterday a case of larceny against B. Shepherd was dismissed. He was charged with stealing an axe from Lewis Balden. Another case against Henry Anderson for drawing a pistol on Kate Paesson and Bettie Johnson was also dismissed for lack of probable cause.

— The largest and withal the most enthusiastic meeting of the Wilmington Musical Association yet held was that in the Y. M. C. A. parlors last night. An especially successful practice of the new music, "Stabat Mater" was had, the entire evening having been devoted to the practice. There were more than 60 members present.

— The funeral of the late William M. Hayes, Sr., occurred from his late residence on Seventh street Sunday at 10 A. M., Rev. W. L. Cuninggim officiating. There was quite a large attendance of Odd Fellows and relations and friends of the deceased and family. After a short service at the house the remains were interred at Oakdale cemetery.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—375 bales cotton, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—215 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 5 bbls rosin, 143 bbls tar.

Carolina Central Railroad—38 bales cotton, 7 bbls tar.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—40 bales cotton, 3 casks spirits turpentine, 69 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar.

W. & N. Railroad—48 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 18 bbls rosin.

Total—Cotton, 716 bales; spirits turpentine, 29 casks; rosin, 92 bbls; tar, 138 bbls.; crude turpentine, 4 bbls.

Mrs. Daves' Remains Moved.

Major Graham Daves, of Newbern, arrived here yesterday and will return home to-day, carrying with him the remains of his late wife, nee Miss DeRosset, who died at the home of her parents, Dr. and Mrs. A. J. DeRosset, on Market street last November. The remains were at the time of her death laid to rest in the DeRosset family vault at Oakdale cemetery, and Major Daves now wishes to remove them to the Daves plat in the cemetery at Newbern. No special ceremonies will be observed in the transfer. Only a brief committal service at Newbern.

Mr. Jas. K. Collier.

The STAR learns with pleasure that Mr. Jas. K. Collier has accepted an important place with Primrose & West's minstrels. He will be on the business staff of this organization, and will doubtless fill the position with marked ability.

Mr. Collier left here a little over a week ago for New Orleans, where he took hold of the business last Wednesday. He will make an extensive tour of the West with the company.

The Tariff Association.

A meeting of the joint committees of the Chamber of Commerce, the Produce Exchange and the Merchants' Association was held yesterday afternoon at 4.30 o'clock. From the reports of the canvassing committees it was ascertained that sufficient funds had been secured to justify the incorporation of the Association. Accordingly a meeting of the subscribers is called for this afternoon.

NO REST FOR THE FIREMEN.

Sunday Was a Busy Day for the Department — They Were Equal to the Occasion.

CALLED OUT FOUR TIMES.

There Was a Fire Every Time, But All Were Promptly Suppressed Except One, Which Was Too Far From the Water Supply.

One of the busiest days the firemen of Wilmington have had since the establishment of the paid department was Sunday. There were four alarms received during the day. However the boys were equal to every emergency and promptly extinguished each fire save that occasioning the last alarm, which was so far removed from the city water supply that it could not be reached with the hose.

The first alarm was at 11.40 A. M. from box 27, and the fire was upstairs at 215 Market street. The building was owned by Mr. W. B. McKoy and the apartments in which the fire occurred were occupied by Mr. Hiram Moore and family. They were spending the day at the Sound and the fire was caused by a coal of fire popping out of the open fire-place upon a combination divan and folding bed. This piece of furniture was about all that was damaged and the loss has been adjusted by Mr. Moore and Mr. Frank Stedman, with whom the former's insurance was placed. There was no damage to the building. The fire was out in eight minutes after the alarm was received.

Alarm No. 2 was at 5.05 P. M. from box 46, and the fire was in the school building at No. 402 South Fifth street. It is known as the annex to the Union school, district No. 2. The origin is a decided mystery, as there is not the slightest indication of incendiarism, and yet there had been no fire in the room all day. The blaze was in the room occupied by Miss Fair Payne and her class of small children. It seems to have started between the ceiling and weather-boarding, about five feet from the floor. When the firemen reached the building the doors were all securely locked. Smoke coming out of the ventilators at the ends of the school room led to the discovery of the fire. The fire was quickly extinguished, and the damage is not more than $25. Workmen early this morning began repairing the damage, and to-day Miss Payne and her pupils will resume recitations in their class-room. Yesterday they were provided seats in the rooms used by Misses Maggie Jones and Eliza Meares and their respective grades. Insurance on the damaged building was with Messrs. Willard & Giles, and the insurance company will pay for the repairs.

The third alarm was at 10.15 P. M. from box 28. The fire was at 506 Walnut, street, in a dwelling occupied by Arthur Williams. A sooty chimney on fire was the cause and there was no damage to the building.

The fourth and last alarm was turned in, at 12.30 A. M. yesterday. Two alarms were rung, one each from box 52 and 54. The fire was in an unoccupied one-story house which was owned by Jas. K. Cutlar, a colored trucker. The building was out of the reach of the fire apparatus and was totally destroyed.

AT ST. THOMAS' CHURCH.

Special Services Sunday Conducted by Bishop Haid—The Blessing of the New Set of Stations.

The services at St. Thomas' church Sunday were all that had been promised that they would be. And the day was one of especial enjoyment for the Catholics and the host of their friends who attended the various services.

Bartholemew's mass, rendered by the St. Thomas choir, was a fitting introduction for the services of the day. Bishop Haid was greeted by a large audience, a convincing earnest that he is ever a welcome visitor to Wilmington. His theme was "The Duties of the Christian," and he spoke eloquently and earnestly.

The principal event of the day was at 7.45 P. M. It was the blessing of the new set of Stations. About a year ago the ladies of St. Thomas' church began the accumulation of money for the purchase of these Stations, and within six months the money was in hand and the Stations ordered from Europe. There are fourteen of them, all taken from the Bible story of the Passion of Christ. They are in bas-relief. Every one who has seen them pronounces them very beautiful and impressive.

The ceremonies were quite elaborate. The Bishop was robed in a purple cape and mitre with crosier in hand. In entering the sanctuary he was preceded by the servers and Father Edward of Newbern. After blessing the pictures and cross the Bishop delivered a forcible sermon on "The Utility of the Devotion in Bringing to the Minds of Christians How Much Christ Suffered for Them."

The music was excellent. Especially notable were the solos by Miss Maie O'Connor and Mrs. Watters.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

MADE AN ASSIGNMENT.

Mr. L. H. Burnett, Dealer in Groceries—Liabilities and Assets About $3,000 Each.

A deed of assignment was filed with Register of Deeds Norwood yesterday by which Mr. L. H. Burnett, doing business on Front street near Orange, conveyed his stock of groceries, store fixtures, delivery wagons, outstanding accounts, etc., to Mr. J. A. Taylor, assignee. The document recites the fact that Mr. Burnett is indebted to various firms and persons and the object of the transfer is for an equitable settlement with these creditors. Assets and liabilities are thought to be about equal—about $3,000 each.

Mr. Taylor is empowered to dispose of the stock, etc., in any manner that he may desire to the best interests of parties concerned. Outstanding accounts can be sold after sixty days.

Creditors of the first class are P. B. Manning Esq., for attorney's fee $50; all preminns due on insurance policies, balance due to employes and a reasonable commission to Mr. Taylor for his services as trustee.

The second class consists of a $500 homestead reservation for Mr. Burnett and $735.49 due to J. C. Stevenson & Taylor. The third class is $702, to J. S. Bennett.

Fourth class: Vollers & Hashagen, $350; R. W. Hicks, $150; J. C. Morrison, $50; Corbett & Gore, $25; Boney and Harper, $65, and Adrian Co., $50.

The fifth class includes all other outstanding accounts against the assignor.

Mr. Burnett is one of our most popular young merchants and a gentleman of unquestioned integrity. His failure is the result of causes entirely beyond his control, and his numerous friends hope he may soon be able to resume business.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Action Taken Upon Various Matters Considered at the Meeting Yesterday.

A meeting of the Board of Health was held yesterday at 3 P. M., and it was decided among other things to hold a meeting every Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Those present were Drs. Thomas, Wright, Russell and McMillan.

Mr. Hans A. Kure's bill for the destruction of bed-room furniture used by a suspected yellow fever patient last Fall was approved.

The request of Mr. A. P. Adrian that the house in Northrop's alley where James Hodge, colored, was sick with smallpox be burned was referred to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen.

The ordinance fixing the limit for hog-pens was changed so as to allow them as far south as Harnett street.

On motion, it was ordered that the time limit for the removal of drains now in use in violation of Section 11 be made twenty days from the time of notification by the Superintendent of Health, and he is hereby instructed to furnish the Mayor with a list of names of persons notified, with number of house and street, the same day the notifications are sent out.

The Board then adjourned.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION.

Rev. Dr. Blackwell's Address at the First Baptist Church.

Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, preached an able sermon at the First Baptist Church Sunday morning. At night he spoke to a very large audience on the methods and aims of the organization that he represents. While he has been secretary for not more than a year, he has been an ardent supporter of the movement since it first originated seven years ago and is thoroughly familiar with its history. He is a fluent and eloquent speaker and his remarks were spiced with enough of the humorous appropriate to the occasion to make the impression on the audience a very favorable one. It is probable that a Young People's Union will be organized in connection with the First Baptist Church.

Mr. George E. Leftwich, Superintendent of the Sunday School, introduced Dr. Blackwell to the audience, in suitable words, and at the conclusion a pleasant variety was lent the exercises by a vocal solo by Mrs. Ed. Woody to accompaniment by Mr. Alf. Yopp.

Left Arm Amputated.

David Jacobs, Jr., a young colored man about 19 years of age and a son of Coroner David Jacobs, had his left arm so badly lacerated yesterday afternoon at the Wilmington Cotton Mills that it was necessary to amputate it. Jacobs is an employe in the picking department of the cotton factory and accidentally got his arm caught in some of the machinery while adjusting a belt to a pulley.

He walked to his home at 914 South Second street and medical help was summoned. It was found necessary to take off the arm just below the elbow. The operation was performed by Dr. F. H. Russell, assisted by Drs. W. D. McMillan, Geo. G. Thomas, and S. P. Wright.

On account of the following special occasions at Norfolk, Va.: American Baptist Educational Society, May 5th: Southern Baptist Convention, May 6th—10th; Woman's Baptist Missionary Union, May 6th—10th, the Seaboard Air Line will sell tickets to Norfolk at the rate of one first class fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale May 2d to 6th, inclusive, with final limit fifteen days from date of sale. By deposit of tickets with agent of the Seaboard Air Line at Norfolk on or before May 16th, the return limit will be extended for fifteen days additional.

CHAMBER COMMERCE.

Resolution Adopted Endorsing the Anti-Scalping Bill Now Before Congress.

IT WAS FREELY DISCUSSED.

Misrepresentation as to the Port to be Corrected—Government to be Asked to Build a Stone Wharf—Exemption of Manufacturing Concerns from Tax.

A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday at 3.30 P. M. The President, Mr. Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr., and the Secretary, Col. Jno. L. Cantwell, were both present.

After the reading of the minutes and some routine business, Mr. Chadbourn asked Vice President W. E. Worth to take the chair. Mr. Chadbourn then said that one of the purposes for which the meeting had been called was to get the Chamber to endorse the anti-scalping bill nor before Congress. He explained that the bill already had the endorsement of forty or fifty commercial organizations. He read, and the Chamber adopted, a resolution approving the bill. The reasons for the action, as stated in the preamble to the resolution, are briefly: 1. Ticket Scalping furnishes an incentive to fraud and false impersonation; 2. Scalpers' offices are used as outlets for tickets dishonestly procured; 3. It is proper that the railroads and the general public should be protected against frauds and incentives to fraud; 4. The railroads in order to protect themselves against scalpers' operations are compelled to observe rules which are less liberal to the mercantile business than is really their wish; 5. The desire of the railroads to make excursion rates to trade centres is hindered.

The resolution was discussed freely. It was seconded by Messrs. D. L. Gore and H. G. Smallbones, both of whom made speeches in its favor. Col. F. W. Kerchner and Mr. Geo. R. French also spoke in favor of the resolution. Mr. B. F. Keith asked what difference it made who used a railroad ticket provided the railroad got its money for it. Mr. B. F. King said he didn't see why the ticket scalping business wasn't as legitimate as any other; it gave employment to a good many people and travellers were frequently enabled to save money by buying tickets from scalpers. There was fraud practiced some times, of course, but that is the case in all lines of business.

The Port Misrepresented.

Mr. W. M. Cumming stated that *Collier's Weekly* in a strategic map which had been published in connection with that periodical credited Wilmington with only 14 feet of water on the bar and no fortifications whatever. On motion of Mr. W. E. Worth it was ordered that the Secretary be instructed to ask Capt. W. E. Craighill to write *Collier's Weekly* giving the actual facts, namely, that Wilmington has 21 feet of water and new and modern fortifications.

Mr. Geo. L. Morton said that a representative of the government was here to prepare plans and specifications for repairs to the Custom House wharf, and that it would be a good opportunity for Wilmington to put in her claim for a first class stone wharf such as other cities have. Mr. D. L. Gore said he didn't like the idea and that it would be useless extravagance. Mr. W. M. Cumming also registered his opposition. Mr. Morton said it would be economy in the long run to build a stone wharf, as the perodical repairing would be made unnecessary. Mr. T. F. Bagley suggested that the matter could be placed in the hands of the committee on Parks.

At this juncture a communication from the Board of County Commissioner, was read recommending that a stone wharf be asked for. On motion of Mr. Morton the Chamber through its secretary and a committee was directed to use its influence to get Congress to provide the improvement as described. The President appointed on the committee: Messrs. Geo. L. Morton, W. H. Chadbourn, F. L. Huggins and B. F. Keith.

Mr. B. F. King called the attention of the Chamber to the movement looking to the temporary exemption of new manufacturing concerns from taxation and the publication of the same. After discussion by Messrs. Iredell Meares, W. E. Worth, B. F. Keith and others it was decided to appoint a committee to confer with the Manufacturers' Committee, the members of which as originally formed were named in the act authorizing the exemption. Messrs. B. F. King, W. M. Cumming and T. C. James were named on the committee.

A resolution of Col. F. W. Kerchner, that the Chamber endorse the National Business League in its effort to get Congress to establish a department of commerce and industry so as to keep the tariff out of politics, was tabled on motion of Mr. B. F. King.

On motion, the secretary was authorized to cast the unanimous vote of the Chamber for the election of Mr. C. Ed. Taylor, of the Southport *Standard*, to membership without the payment of dues.

The Chamber then adjourned.

W. L. I. Resolutions of Thanks.

In another column are printed resolutions of the Wilmington Light Infantry conveying its sincere thanks to the different agencies which made the successful presentation of the "Substitute" possible. The net amount to the company is $74.15, which will be of very material help. The committee, to whose efforts much is due, consists of Messrs. G. A. Cardwell E. K. Calder and W. A. Whitney.

ROAD IMPROVEMENTS.

Appropriations Made by the County Commissioners For Various Projects—Other Matters Before the Board.

The County Commissioners were in special session yesterday afternoon for the purpose of making the annual appropriations for New Hanover county road improvements and attending to other business that might need their attention. Members present were: Chairman W. F. Foster and Commissioners Moore, Nixon, Alexander and Dempsey.

Road appropriations were as follows: Federal Point road, $200; Masonboro road, $150; Greenville road, $150; Harnett township road, commencing at Wilmington, $300, and for the other end, $200; old Newbern road, $200, and Little Bridge road, $500.

The matter of the right of way for the new road for Federal Point was referred to the county attorney for investigation.

Martin Daniels was granted license to sell liquor on Fourth street near the corner of Castle.

A request on the part of Mr. Henry Patteaux that he be allowed to make grape wine free of tax was referred to county attorney Marsden Bellamy.

A resolution was adopted which requested chairman Foster to go before the Chamber of Commerce and other commercial bodies of the city and induce them to petition our Representatives in Congress to work for the appropriation of a sufficient amount of money by the Government to construct stone wharfs in the stead of the wood ones they now have. It is understood that the Government proposes to build new wharfs some time soon.

The Board adjourned about 4.30 o'clock.

— Mr. James Madden is having his residence on Front street handsomely repainted.

RESOLUTIONS OF THANKS.

ARMORY, WILMINGTON LIGHT INFANTRY, February 14th, 1898.

Resolved, That we, the Wilmington Light Infantry, in meeting assembled, take this, our first opportunity since the presentation of "The Substitute" for our benefit, to offer to each and every member of the Dramatic Club and of the Second Regiment Orchestra, both of which organizations were indispensable in making the performance such a pronounced success, both artistically and financially, our most sincere thanks.

Resolved, further, That we hereby express specially to Mrs. E. P. Bailey and her assistants our appreciation of their successful general management of the enterprise, and last but not least, to the committee from the Company who labored so earnestly and well in the same cause.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. JOHN'S HALL, Feb. 15, 1898.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M

REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATION this (Tuesday) evening at 7.30 o'clock. Visiting brethren welcome.
THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.
feb 15 1t

Notice.

SUBSCRIBERS TO THE TARIFF ASSOCIATION are requested to meet at the rooms of the Merchants' Association, Seaboard Air Line building, Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when necessary steps will be taken to incorporate and begin work.
J. A. TAYLOR, Chairman.
MARCUS W. JACOBI, Sec'y. feb 15 1t

Printer Wanted.

A young man who has had two or three years' experience as compositor, and who can handle bad "copy," may secure a place as Two-Thirder by applying at the Star Office.
feb 12 3t

Parish House, St. James' Church,

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 15TH.
The attractive comedy
"LOVE AND MUSHROOMS."
TABLEAUX.
Admission 25 cents. Tickets on sale at Gerken's Cigar Store. fr su tu feb 11 3t

ELEVEN CENTS

Per Pound for a Fine Lot of

N. C. HAMS.

The King Grocery Co.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
feb 12 tf

MARDI GRAS FESTIVAL.

New Orleans, La.

The committee on arrangements are using every means in their power to make the Festival this year the greatest ever held. Elaborate arrangements have been made for the pleasure and entertainment of their guests. However, the manner in which the trip to New Orleans is made, will play no small part in making the visit an enjoyable one.

The Seaboard Air Line offers the choice of two daily trains, the schedule by either of which is very good. They leave as follows:

New York, 10:50 a. m. and 8:50 p. m. Philadelphia, 1:12 p. m. and 12:05 night. Washington, 4:40 p. m. and 4:30 a. m. Richmond, 8:56 p. m. and 9:05 a. m. Raleigh, 2:16 a. m. and 3:40 p. m. Monroe, 6:43 a. m. and 9:12 p. m. Abbeville, 11:05 a. m. and 1:35 a. m. Athens, 1:15 p. m. and 3:45 a. m. Arriving at Atlanta, 2:50 p. m. and 9:30 a. m., and New Orleans, 7:40 a. m. and 8.10 p. m. From Richmond and points south, by the train arriving at New Orleans at 8:10, only one night is spent on the road.

Call on or address any Seaboard Air Line Agent. feb 15 1w

We Offer You For This Week

5,000 Cocoanuts, 2 for 5c.
125 Bunches Bananas, 12 and 15c per doz.
40,000 Oranges, 15, 25 and 30c per doz.

BEN DAVIS, BALDWIN, WINE SAP AND RUSSET APPLES.

BEST STOCK FOR
50 AND 60c PER PECK.

Palace Bakery,
feb 15 tf 17 South Second Street.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 15, 1898

ISSUES OF THE CAMPAIGN.

It need not be feared that the Democratic party of North Carolina will ignore, or even dodge, the silver issue in the approaching campaign. An overwhelming majority of the delegates to the State convention will favor a re-affirmation of the platform of the Chicago convention, and this will be done. Democrats who "think twice before they speak once" understand that any shirking of the silver question would jeopardize success. They know that in order to elect a Democratic Legislature we must draw thousands of votes from the Populist ranks, and that these thousands of votes cannot be secured if the Democratic party take one step backward in its advocacy of the free coinage of silver.

Principle and policy alike demand that there be no weakening on the question that is now paramount in the politics of this country. "To hesitate is to be lost." We must be bold, frank and aggressive. The Democratic party must let the people know that silver is not to be sent to the rear simply because this is not a Presidential campaign. There are nine Representatives in Congress to be elected, and the Democratic candidates for these positions should advocate silver on every stump from the seashore to the mountains.

At the same time, there will be no subordination of State issues. On the contrary, having satisfied the people that the Democratic party stands just where it stood in 1896 on the silver question, our great reliance for victory will be in a vigorous appeal to the white men of North Carolina to drive from power the ignorant and corrupt place-hunters who have brought disgrace on our State.

The Democratic party cannot be held responsible for the color line in politics. It is the colored voters themselves who have drawn the line at the behest of their white leaders, who see in this alignment their only hope of political success. For more than thirty years the negro vote has been solidly arrayed against the Democratic party in this State—against the party that gives the negroes employment; the party that pays nine-tenths of the taxes; the party that supports the negro schools; the party that provides asylums for the negro insane. And even Republican Congressman Linney said in a speech last week: "As well expect to be able to shoot off the horns of the moon with a popgun as to make a Southern negro vote the Democratic ticket." This is a correct diagnosis of the case; and the Democrats of North Carolina will go into the coming campaign fully determined to use all honorable efforts to convince every white man that unless the backbone of the party now in power is broken North Carolina will become a negroized State.

"To your tents, O, Israel!"

WHERE THE TROUBLE IS.

We have heretofore referred to the views of Mr. W. A. Courtenay, president of the Courtenay manufacturing company, at Newry, S. C., especially to the arguments he advances in favor of State banks. In a recent interview published in the Columbia *State*, on the depression in the New England mills, he said:

"The real trouble of the cotton manufacturing industry is largely financial; this explains the general depression of business throughout the Union. The abnormal demand for wheat on foreign account gives large profits in this quarter, but iron interests are not prospering; prices are very low for pig and manufactured goods; cotton is very low, and this leads up to low prices for cotton goods. There were other results of the war between the States besides the surrender of the armies. The tendency then and now is to centralization, having Congress legislate for everything under the sun—from a monopoly of banking to a general labor law. As the South finds, from an experience of thirty years, that the very best place for her twelve States is in the Union, it may be as well to consider the Southland in its non-relation to the rest of the country.

"Financially, the South has no United States bonds, not that these securities are not held to be absolutely the best in the world, but the South can't afford to invest in 3 and 4 per cent. bonds, the latter at 28 per cent. premium. So when banking with note issues is limited to national banks, that is, to start a bank of $100,000 you must invest $128,000 for the privilege of using $90,000 in currency, there are no takers in Dixie. We can't afford to do it. What is wanted is a general banking law, with the use of other credits than United States bonds, all under the comptroller of the currency, if possible, subdivided by States, with the purpose of creating a currency good everywhere, but kept at home as much as possible. If the greenbacks could be replaced with bank notes well secured and a fair proportion allowed in the Southern States, reducing interest rates to 6 or 7 per cent. and accommodating thousands of local wants, there would be a widespread change in Southern money opinions."

There are other causes, he says, contributing to the depression in the industry in New England, one of which is that the mills have been running too much on prints, of which the buyers are getting tired, causing a decreased demand, a fact which the New England mill men have failed to pay due regard to; so that their misfortune, aside from the unsatisfactory financial system, is partly the result of their own indiscretion. But Mr. Courtenay strikes the marrow of the matter when he says the real trouble with the cotton manufacturing industry (and with other industries, too) is largely financial, and very largely. The New England mills find a market in the West and South for a large part of their production. They are suffering now mainly from the failure of the West and South (especially the West, on which they had made large calculations) to take as much goods as they anticipated. While the increased price of wheat added very largely to the aggregate value of the crop, the average farmer was but little benefitted by it, and but few of them had as much money to spend as it was thought they would from the great ado that was made by the Northern papers which were so anxious to show that prosperity had arrived. Perhaps the New England mill men were too much influenced by this editorial figuring, planned accordingly and were disappointed.

With all the "prosperity" which had come to the West as the result of "dollar" wheat (but not dollar wheat to the farmer, nor much of the time) the farmers of that section had to economize, not as much as when wheat sold for fifty cents a bushel and other farm products in proportion, but they had to economize, for many of them had debts to pay which had to be paid. It is said that they lifted a good many mortgages, but this prevented them from buying as liberally as they would have bought if these debts didn't hang over them. They economized and bought little that they could do without as a matter of necessity, just as the farmers of the South have been doing for several years.

Economy is a good thing on general principles, but the compulsory economy resulting from the inability to purchase, which helps one man to get out of the woods, may hurt another. The enforced economy which compels millions to economize hurts millions and may ruin many.

Take great agricultural sections like the South and West whose principal industry is that of the farm, let each family economize even to the extent of a few dollars a year and it means many millions of dollars taken out of the channels of trade. Every industry in the country feels it more or less, directly or indirectly. The merchants with whom the farmers trade feel it; the manufacturers from whom the merchants buy their goods feel it; the people who work in the factories and make the goods which the merchants buy feel it; the railroads and other transportation companies which carry the goods from the manufactories and from the trading centers to the buyers at other points feel it, and so do the thousands of men employed by these transportation lines. Thus the enforced economy which benefits some injures many others and ruins some. This is one of the causes from which the New England cotton manufacturing industry, and other industries throughout the country, are suffering now. They may call it overproduction, which it may be in fact, but they would be nearer the real thing itself if they called it underconsumption, which it really is. Is there any sensible person who will contend that if money were abundant throughout the country, cotton goods would be now selling lower than they ever before sold in this country, and that cotton would be selling as low as it is? Of course with overstocked warehouses, with stacks of goods for which there is no demand, the manufacturer must reduce his purchases of the raw material and the price he can afford to pay, too. The result is a slump in prices, unless there should be an offsetting foreign demand. With cautious buying at home and abroad, with manufacturers taking only enough to keep the wheels moving, prices must be low and the planter may expect to find himself upon the ragged edge. One industry cannot suffer materially without other industries suffering, and this affects others until all are affected, and the one depression becomes general.

Our so called statesmen are tinkering with the conditions, and so-called financiers either because they do not see the trouble, or because they are influenced by selfish considerations, are tinkering with it, and propose remedies which are not remedies, but makeshifts. If these so-called statesmen would broaden their view and legislate for the whole country with half the zeal they legislate for the few who control them; if they had the honesty and nerve to acknowledge errors and undo the errors; if the so-called financiers were not so much absorbed in schemes for their own profit and conceded the right of the people to manage their own money affairs, we would soon get out of this financial tangle and there would be no more gorging of money in some sections and financial starvation in others. The South and the West with the banks they could establish, if they had the privilege of utilizing their credits—as Mr. Courtenay says—would soon have money enough to meet their demands and make them easy. This is the remedy and with free silver the true and lasting remedy for the troubles that confront our industries and bring distress to the people. But the men who monopolize the currency will fight this even harder than they are fighting free silver.

MINOR MENTION.

We have frequently expressed the opinion in these columns that the South will eventually become a great wool-manufacturing as well as a cotton manufacturing section, and for the same reason, namely that it has the natural advantages for raising and manufacturing wool, as it has for raising and manufacturing cotton. That this opinion is entertained by others who presumably have given thought to the subject and understand the conditions and the prospective situation, is shown by the following from the *Wool Record:*

"It is not unlikely to expect that the transfer of cotton manufacturing from New England to the South will ultimately be followed by a similar development and extension of the woolen industry. The South and the Southwest are on the eve of a tremendous expansion in wool-growing. Texas is destined to rival Australia in the magnitude and quality of her wool product, and other Southern States are beginning to appreciate their splendid possibilities in sheep culture. With this certain increase in the production of raw material the South is bound sooner or later to become a great center of wool manufactories. No argument has been made as to why she should not make woollens as well as cotton goods. The success of the Southern cotton mills means the inevitable rise of woollen manufacturers in that section. The beginnings are already appearing, and they indicate the near approach of a time when the fleeces of Southern flocks will be woven in Southern factories as the cotton of Southern plantations is today."

We are interested in this not simply because it means the upbuilding of another great industry in the South, but because it means a vast betterment of the condition of the farming population, better lands and better farms, less drudgery, more independence and more of the home comforts in the home of the farmer. Sheep culture has in it immense possibilities.

* * *

"Fortune favors the brave." It is certainly favoring the Cubans now. The de Lome letter incident was worth armies and tons of ammunition to them, because it showed the hypocrisy of Spain as voiced by her leading representative in this country. It showed, too, that all these professions of confidence and amity were merely from the lip, intended to deceive and to create the impression that Spain was honest in her efforts to restore peace to Cuba, and glad of the "friendly" manifestations by this Government. This letter rings the curtain down on that farce. Before this letter becomes cold a Havana dispatch reports a series of propositions to be submitted by the radical autonomists to the insurgents which are, if true, substantially a surrender of the whole contention save unqualified independence. The insurgents will not accept them because if they were so disposed they have no guarantee that the Spanish Government would stand by them and carry them out in good faith. But they are of immense value to the Cubans, because they are virtually a confession that the war of subjugation is a failure and that peace cannot be restored by war. As far as these autonomists are concerned this is a surrender of the whole case, and an abandonment of the only ground against intervention by the United States. Of course they are not speaking by authority from the Spanish Government, but it is a virtual admission all the same by loyal Spaniards, who are on the ground and are supposed to be familiar with the situation, and to have some conception of the outlook for Spain.

Mrs. Hettie Green, of New York, says it was a put up job of some of those New England mills when they said they were losing money and had to cut down wages. She says she offered to lend some of them as much money as they needed, but they wouldn't take it. She says if they were as hard pushed as some of them say they are, they would have been glad to take the money offered.

Luetgert says his wife will now turn up. If she does she will have the joke on Luet.

The greater includes the less. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula, and may be depended upon to cure boils and pimples. †

CURRENT COMMENT

—Mr. Dingley, has the prospect of a very lively Summer. His tariff bill continues to yield a deficiency, and it will require about all the time he will have at his disposal to keep a supply of explanations before the public.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—Savannah is thoroughly disgusted with the appointment of the negro Devereaux as the collector of that port, but will have to grin and bear it. There is no relief. Democrats who voted for McKinley have opportunity to do a great deal of thinking these days.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—It doesn't seem unreasonable to question whether our apples are more dangerous to the health of Germany than the German wines we import are to the health of this country. Adulteration is well known to be a practice in the German wine trade. You can't adulterate an apple.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—The trade of Hamburg is growing faster than that of any other of the great European ports. It has even outstripped that of Liverpool. Two things especially favor Hamburg. Back of her is the Continent, making her wharves a point from which merchandise may be economically distributed over a large and populous area. The other favorable factor is the magnificent enterprise of the people of Hamburg, who have spent in recent years $75,000,000 upon their docks. As the London Mail admiringly says, Hamburg deserves the prosperity she has achieved.—*Philadelphia Record Dem*

TWINKLINGS.

—Lovely woman in Italy now leads a calf about by a ribbon. In this country she usually has him on a string.

—Not So Remarkable: De Sapple—"I believe my dog knows as much as I do," She—"I've seen smarter dogs than that."—*Puck.*

—Probably: "Does your husband get good, strong food?" asked the doctor of his patient's wife. "Onions twice a day. I guess that's strong enough."—*Chicago News,.*

—"Are you the boss of the house?" inquired the man at the door. "No; I'm only the boss' understudy," was the much-married man's answer.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

—Blowell—"I always aim to tell the truth," Rowell—"Yes, I know; but you're just like a woman." Blowell—"Why, how is that?" Rowell—"You seldom hit what you aim at."

—Why He Reformed: Hal—"Is it true that you opposed to all games of chance?" Ned—"Yes I am now." Hal—"How long have you opposed them?" Ned—"Ever since I got married."

—She—"Are you opposed to this cutting up of cats for instructive purposes?" He—"Yes, I am. There was one cutting up in our backyard last night, and the noise was something awful. I'm opposed to their cutting up for any purpose."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and Weak Kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and a nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

A Worried Woman.

Mrs. Meek—Of course I am worried. As a dutiful wife I can't help feeling so, for I am sure my husband is keeping something from me, and I shan't be content until I know what it is.

Mrs. Freak—My husband is keeping something from me, too, and I am worried because I know what it is.

Mrs. Meek—Indeed! What is it?

Mrs. Freak—It's money.—Boston Courier.

Sure.

First Chappie—I wonder now, Chollie, how the donkey ever came to be used as the—er—emblem of stupidity?

Second Chappie (with a yawn)—Don't know, I'm sure, deah boy. Must have been before our day.—Brooklyn Life.

John Simons, a native of Berkshire, born without arms or hands, could write with his mouth, thread a needle, tie a knot and shuffle, cut and deal a pack of cards.

From Extreme Nervousness.

THAT no one remedy can contain the elements necessary to cure all diseases, is a fact well known to everyone. Dr. Miles' *System* of Restorative Remedies consists of seven distinctively different preparations, each for its own purpose.

Mrs. L. C. Bramley, 37 Henry St., St. Catherines, Ontario, writes: "For years I suffered from extreme nervousness and annoying constipation, developing into palpitation and weakness of the heart. I was unable to sleep, suffered much from headache, pain in my left side, palpitation and a constant feeling of weakness and prostration. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills and the Anti-Pain Pills to relieve sudden paroxysms of pain and headache. I soon felt much improved and the pains and aches and weariness left me. I then took Dr. Miles' Restorative Tonic and am now restored to my former good health."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

All druggists guarantee Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS to stop Headache. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILL CURE. All PAIN. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change.

je 25 1y sa tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Danbury *Reporter:* The wells in this place are nearly all failing. We learn that there are only three serviceable ones in town.

—Washington *Messenger:* Few people realize the value of the fish industry of the State. This trade annually brings into Washington more than $100,000.

—Concord *Standard:* The genial Dr. Ross, of the State Hospital, is the champion feather-weight hog raiser in Burke. He killed two this week which, after having eaten fifty bushels of corn, netted fifty pounds each. The hogs originally cost him $3. He lost on the corn, but made on the hogs.

—Enfield *Enterprise:* A negro who committed a heinous crime in Halifax county five months ago, his victims being two young girls, one white and the other colored, afterwards killing them both, was arrested last Saturday in the lower part of Edgecombe county, and is now in Halifax county jail.

—Sanford *Express:* Mrs. Martha Foushee, an old woman who lived alone near Gulf was burned to death last Saturday. The cottage in which she lived was also destroyed. Only parts of her body were found after the fire. —The grading of the railroad from Hope Mills to Southern Pines is being pushed as rapidly as possible. Three miles have been graded.

—Charlotte *Observer:* An eleven-year-old colored girl was arrested and jailed in Winston Saturday on the charge of killing a seven-months-old colored baby with a stick of wood. The coroner's jury decided that the child came to its death by falling out of a cradle on its head. The girl said the baby's five-year-old brother was rocking the cradle, when he turned it over. The girl was released.

—Burlington *News:* Last Thursday morning Lewis Coleman, who has been working at the Farmers' Ware house for a number of years, was found in an outhouse frozen stiff. It is not known how long he had been out there, but he was not drinking and it is suppose he suffered a stroke of paralysis and became unable to help himself. He was removed to the county house as soon as he was able to be moved, and we learn that he has since died, though some say he is not dead.

—Concord *Journal:* For two years John Faggart, son of Israel Faggart, of No. 9 township, has been living in Charlotte, engaged in some kind of work. A few days ago Mr. Faggart went to his father's home, about a mile below Cold Springs church, and he is now there confined to his bed, with his body in a fearful state of eruption. He is supposed to have smallpox. The case has not been examined by an expert, but it is said to be identical with the cases in Charlotte, which were, last night, pronounced genuine smallpox. The case has created a sensation in that part of the county.

PARIS FIREMEN AT WORK.

They Go to the Fire Deliberately, but Are Active When There.

The strength of the French buildings, the uninflammable nature of their partitions, their hardwood floorings and the scantiness of the furnishings, to say nothing of the comparatively slight use of fire for household purposes, have generally kept Paris quite free from catastrophies due to fires, and at the same time have left the firemen seriously handicapped when it is a question of dealing with a serious conflagration.

A correspondent of the Boston Transcript, who saw a fire in Paris a few years ago, relates that while strolling along one of the principal streets leading from the river up to the central line of boulevards his attention was caught by a commotion in a building just across the street. Smoke was rolling out of the windows of the third story, and busy hands were visible throwing items of household use out of the windows with that lack of discretion so prevalent among the savers of material at fires. Chairs and tables, a long legged stool and items of bric-a-brac were saved from the flames only to meet a quicker and more certain destruction on the hard asphalt pavement. In the attic window there was a woman screaming, although it proved afterward she was quite as free from actual danger as if on the sidewalk below. A small crowd gathered and some one said, "They have sent for the firemen." The household goods were taken down in a desultory way and the woman au seizieme continued her screams.

In just 15 minutes the engine arrived. It was such a one as may be seen today at a muster in New Hampshire. It was gently led up the street by its cords and set in position beneath the windows, from which the smoke was still slowly coming forth. The firemen, who are sappers and miners in the French army, were dressed in uniform, each with a leather helmet on his head, and most of them with the short hooked climbing ladder in hand, of a form not unlike that now used by us. If the previous proceedings had been deliberate, all that was changed now. Like so many monkeys the firemen climbed from balcony to balcony, running up their little ladders, so that in a moment the whole front of the building was alive with men. Half a dozen were on the floor of the fire, tumbling in at the windows, but the conflagration had been too quick for them. It had devoured all that was combustible at hand and was truly in a dying condition. It did not need the services of the little engine, for the firemen, scraping together what little there was left of its embers in some kind of scoop, dropped it in a mass after the furniture and other goods. Two brave fellows, climbing to the gutter, rescued the screaming woman, who throughout all that interval had not ceased to make known her distress, and deposited her head first through the window of an adjoining house, and thus closed the little episode.

Pneumatic Treatment.

"Mrs. Bichors treats her husband very badly," remarked McCorkle.

"I would say that she treats him like a bicycle tire," replied McCrackle.

"How do you make that out?"

"She blows him up."—Harper's Bazar.

Frank Sherwood was down town today, the first time since he had his tussle with cholera morbus. He says he drove thirty miles after he was taken, and never came so near dying in his life. After this, when he goes out in the country he will take a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy with him.—Missouri Valley (Iowa) Times. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

Hood's Pills

Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

KLY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply into the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City. jan 11 1y tu th sa

Orders Were Ignored.

"I saved the life of a Union officer, Captain Loeser of New York, at the battle of Trevelian Station," said Captain M. C. Butler, "and I was very sorry I could not save his property as well. I came suddenly on a road just as two couriers ran out and covered a Union officer, who was mounted.

"The man had surrendered, but he would have been shot to pieces if I had not interfered.

"He handed me his sword and his belt, containing his pistol holder, and asked me if I would send him to General Rosser. He said he was in mortal dread of being robbed and knew General Rosser and would feel safe in his hands.

"I told him he would be perfectly safe with me, but, not appearing satisfied, I told two men to take him to General Rosser and gave specific instructions that he must not be molested on the way.

"His guard waited with him along the road until General Rosser's command could come up, and as soon as it did the men made a dash at him, saying, 'Yank, we want store boots.'

"It was all in vain. The guard protested, saying General Butler had ordered that the prisoner was not to be molested. They said they belonged to General Rosser's command and not to General Butler's, and they stripped Captain Loeser then and there.

"I met him after the war, and we laughed about it many a time. Captain Loeser is now dead."—New York Herald.

The Greatest Discovery Yet.

W. M. Repine, editor Tiskilwa, Ill., "Chief," says: "We won't keep house without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Experimented with many others, but never got the true remedy until we used Dr. King's New Discovery. No other remedy can take its place in our home, as in it we have a certain and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, etc." It is idle to experiment with other remedies, even if they are urged on you as just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery. They are not as good, because this remedy has a record of cures and besides is guaranteed. It never fails to satisfy. Trial bottle free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¾@		6
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¼
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New Mork, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	44	@	45
Virginia Meal	44	@	45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10¼@		12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	7½@		10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	1½¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	12 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	2 50	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 00
First Patent	5 50	@	6 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½@		8¼
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	47½
Car load, in bags—White		@	46
Oats, from store		@	35
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas		@	55
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾@		2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½@		6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 45
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	10 50
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 ℔ Sacks		@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Sage	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	4¾
White Extra C		@	4½
Extra C, Golden		@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon-Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, February 14.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl for Strained and $1.25 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin firm, $1.50, $1.55; tar quiet, 95c; crude turpentine, nothing doing.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	29
Rosin	92
Tar	138
Crud Turpentine	4

Receipts same day last year.—89 casks spirits turpentine, 310 bbls rosin, 210 bbls tar, 0 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5⅝c. per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 3-16	cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4⅛	"	"
Low Middling	5 3-16	"	"
Middling	5⅝	"	"
Good Middling	5⅞	"	"

Same day last year, middling 6¾c.

Receipts—716 bales; same day last year, 142.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 40@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60c.

CORN.—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 8 to 9c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $3.00 to $7.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 14.—Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan 1¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485¼ for demand; 483@483¼ for sixty days. Posted rates were 484 and 486½. Commercial bills 482¼. Silver certificates 56½@57¾. Bar silver 56¼. Mexican dollars 45¼. Government bonds weak; U. S. new 4's, registered 128¼; U.S. new 4's, coupon, 128¼; U. S. 4's 113; U. S. 4's, coupon, 114½; U. S. 2's 100; U. S. 5's, registered, 113¾; U. S. 5's, coupon, 113¾. State bonds dull; North Carolina 6's 125; North Carolina 4's 103.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 15.—Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine was firm at 34¼@34¾c.

CHARLESTON, February 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 32c bid; no sales. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, GA., February 14.—Spirits turpentine firm at 32½c; sales 15 casks; receipts 39 casks. Rosin was firm; sales 6,000 barrels; receipts 2,059 barrels; closing prices: A, B, C, D $1 25, E 1 30, F 1 35, G 1 45, H 1 60, I 1 65@1 70, K 1 75, M 1 80, N $1 95, W G 2 00, W W 2 25.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 14.—The Liverpool cotton market Saturday and to-day was disappointing and our market opened steady at a decline of three to six points. Heavy receipts at the ports contributed to weakness here until it became apparent that exports were keeping up almost to the port movement, while advices from the South indicates unabated interest on the part of the English and continent buyers in competition with American spinners for spot cotton. Following the opening call the market ruled nervous and reflected hesitation on both sides of the account. The volume of outside speculation was not maintained. In the afternoon trading was generally quiet and slightly easier under predictions of free receipts to-morrow. Closed steady at a net loss of 3 to 9 points.

NEW YORK, February 14.—Cotton steady; middling 6¼c.

Cotton futures opened at a decline of 4 to 6 points and closed steady, with sales of 166,300 bales; February 5.98c., March 6.00c., April 6.03c., May 6.07c., June 6.10c., July 6.10c., August 6.16c., September 6.17c., October 6.16c., November 6.16c.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling 6¼c; middling gulf 6¼c; sales of 279 bales.

Net receipts 1,010 bales; gross 10,460 bales; exports to France 512 bales; exports to the Continent 3,315 bales; forwarded 3,087 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners 279 bales; stock 185,469 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 34,793 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,417 bales; exports to France 512 bales; to the Continent 6,939 bales; stock 1,268,622 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 67,139 bales; exports to Great Britain 26,780 bales; to France 512 bales; to the Continent 21,359 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 6,997,664 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,413,178 bales; to France 627,439

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on every wrapper. This is the original* "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.* LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher. *on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

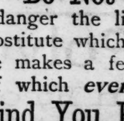
Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Small Things.

A thread of spider web which would make a line long enough to reach from Philadelphia to Boston and back again would only make a ball as big as a buckshot. In a piece of the parasite which causes potato rot and which was no larger than an ordinary pinhead, Professor Pasteur found 200 live animalcules. The microscope exhibits 4,000 muscles in a common caterpillar and 1,000 mirrors in the eye of a drone bee, besides proving that the large eye of a dragon fly is really a collection of 28,000 polished lenses. A single grain of musk has been known to perfume a room for 20 years. It has been estimated that the single grain must have comprised no less than 320,000,000,000,000 particles. — Pittsburg Dispatch.

MEDICAL TREATMENT ON TRIAL



To Any Reliable Man.

Marvelous appliance and one month's remedies of rare power will be sent on trial, *without any advance payment,* by the foremost company in the world in the treatment of men weak, broken, disheartened from effects of excesses, worry, overwork, etc. Happy marriage secured, complete restoration or development of all robust conditions. The time of this offer is limited. No C. O. D. scheme; no deception; no exposure. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N.Y.

my 30 D&W tf th su tu

MAXTON BUILDING
AND
LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

Beware of imitations

LEA & PERRINS'
The Original & Genuine Worcestershire
SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

Jan 4 1y tu

FASHIONS CHANGE
BUT
POZZONI'S
Complexion
POWDER
REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless: and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CASTORIA.

Bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

YOUNG MATHEMATICIANS.

Some Queer Figuring For Their Amusement and Instruction.

In what month and on what day of the month were you born? Write down the number of the month and to the right of it the number of the day. Multiply by 2, add 5, multiply by 50, add your age, subtract 365 and then add 115. The result will be the number of the month and the day of your birth as well as your age. Thus:

Suppose you were 16 on March 7. March is the third month, so you write down 3 and to the right of it 7. Now multiply by 2, add 5, multiply by 50, add your age, 16; subtract 365, add 115, and you have 3,716—that is, you were born in the third month on the seventh day, and your age is 16. Try the process with any person's age, and you will get a similar result.

If you take any number consisting of three consecutive digits, like 234, and permute them, making six numbers, then add these up, divide by 6 and tell me the quotient, I will tell you the number thought of. In this case the quotient always consists of three equal numbers. The number thought of will consist of one of these equal numbers and of the next lower and the next higher number. Thus:

234
243
324
342
423
432
1,998

Dividing 1,998 by 6, we get 333, so that 3 is the middle digit of the number thought of.

Here is a queer bit of reasoning. What is wrong about it?—4 minus 4 equals 2 minus 2, since each is zero. Divide each side of the equation by 2 minus 2, and we find that 2 equals 1. Stated mathematically, $4-4=2-2$.

Hence $\frac{4-4}{2-2}=\frac{2-2}{2-2}$; that is, $2=1$.

We have spoken of permuting. The subject of permutations is an interesting one. In how many ways do you suppose, for example, it is possible for the 12 clubs of the National Baseball league to wind up at the close of the season? Let us see.

Call the clubs by the letters A, B, C, D, etc. The first letter, A, can, of course, have but one arrangement; but, taking in B, we find that we now have two arrangements possible, AB and BA—that is, twice as many as one letter. Now bring in the third letter, C. With AB we can arrange C in three ways—CAB, ACB and ABC—and with BA we can arrange C in three more ways, making 6 ways in all—that is, 3 letters may be arranged in three times as many ways as 2 letters. Similarly we shall find that 4 letters may be arranged in 4 times as many ways as 3 letters.

By proceeding in this way, we find that the 12 clubs may be arranged in as many ways as 1 times 2 times 3 times 4, and so on up to and including the whole number of clubs. If you will multiply the first 12 numbers together, you will find that the product is 479,001,600, which number represents the number of possibilities of the case. If it were undertaken to print all the possible guesses at the relative standing of the clubs at the conclusion of a season therefore, and we allow two square inches for each guess, the paper required would cover 152 acres of ground.—Philadelphia Times.

The Teredo and the Cable.

An Atlantic cable has, fortunately, few animal enemies, though in the English channel, the Irish sea and the North sea the teredo, the special cable pest of the Mediterranean, does some mischief. This "miserable little mollusk," as the cable men call it, first made itself a reputation by eating up wooden ship hulks until builders took to plating them with iron, and by burrowing into the dikes in Holland until the whole country was threatened with inundation. When the cable came, it took to it at once. It wriggles its way in between the steel wires of the most tightly wrapped core and eats away jute and gutta percha until there is nothing but a wire skeleton left. Happily, however, as already indicated, our own particular cable has little to fear from the teredo, and the best wish we can give it as it lies at the bottom of the Atlantic is that it may never have a history, and that the time may be long before the Faraday sees it again.—Henry Muir in McClure's Magazine.

ENGLISH LAWYERS.

The Small Fees That Are Received by the London Barristers.

A barrister's fees are small, and they are always paid in advance, and the sum is recorded under the title of the brief. A friend who has a large practice showed me his feebook yesterday. The largest item was 88 guineas, which is less than $300. The average was about $50. Fees are regulated by the benchers of the inn according to the service performed, and no contingent fees are allowed. A barrister may accept a case for nothing or return the fee in cases of charity, but he cannot without violating his oath, directly or indirectly, accept any greater compensation for a legal service than is allowed in the regular schedule fixed by the benchers of his inn. If he does so, he is debarred from practice.

It is a common custom in America for a lawyer to undertake a suit for the recovery of damages or a claim of any kind with a contract that he shall receive a certain percentage of the amount of money recovered. In England such an act would be considered disreputable, and any barrister found guilty would be expelled from his inn. The fees are regulated by the amount of time and labor required, and not by the amount of money involved. A barrister may receive a fee of $250 in a case involving only $500, and he may receive a fee of $25 in a case involving $1,000,000.

All legal business originates with solicitors. They bring to the barrister's office a case all prepared after certain forms and written in manuscript. The British courts do not permit typewriting. The solicitor requests the barrister to undertake the case, and the fee is marked plainly upon the brief. If the barrister does not care to undertake the labor for the amount of money allowed or for any other reason, he advises the solicitor to go elsewhere. If he accepts the responsibility, the solicitor leaves the amount of the fee in coin with the brief, so that the barrister has his pay in advance. This is the almost invariable custom. The only exceptions are in cases of close friendship between the solicitors and barristers and where there is a large amount of litigation in which both are involved. Then it is customary for the barrister to make up his bill at the end of the month or the end of the quarter, but the fee in each case must nevertheless be written upon the brief and recorded in the books of the court.

It is customary, also, for the solicitor to leave a fee for the barrister's clerk at the same time, which must be a certain percentage of that paid to the barrister. When you dine at a hotel or a restaurant in England, it is customary to tip the waiter an amount equal to 5 per cent of your bill for the same reason. The waiter receives no compensation from his employer, nor does the barrister's clerk. His pay comes entirely from the clients, and if his principal has no clients he gets no pay. On the other hand, if his principal has a very large and profitable practice his fees are enormous. They say that the clerk of Sir Charles Russell lives in a handsome villa down in the suburbs, is driven to and from his office in a brougham and hires a box at the opera for the season.—Chicago Record.

CUBE ROOT MADE EASY.

How Any Bright Scholar May Learn to Tell It Offhand.

To find the cube root of any given number of figures offhand seems an almost impossible feat, but yet it is simple enough when one knows how to do it—so simple, indeed, that any bright boy can learn to do it in a few weeks.

First he must know exactly what a cube is—namely, that it is the result of multiplying one number by itself and then multiplying the product by the original number. Thus, 3 multiplied by 3 equals 9, and 9 multiplied by 3, the original number, produces 27, which consequently is the cube of 3. The cube root of 27 is the original number, 3, and to find the cube root is the reverse of finding the cube. The would be adept at this art should first study carefully the following figures:

1×1×1= 1	2×2×2= 8	3×3×3= 27
4×4×4= 64	5×5×5=125	6×6×6=216
7×7×7=343	8×8×8=512	9×9×9=729

A close study of these figures shows that 2 multiplied in this manner by itself results in 8, that 8 multiplied by itself has 2 as a final figure, that 3 multiplied by itself has 7 as a final figure, that 7 multiplied by itself has 3 as a final figure, and that 4, 5, 6 and 9 multiplied by themselves have their original figures as finals. Hence the "artist" knows that any sum given to him the final figure of which is 8 must have 2 as a cube root; that if the final figure be 9, the cube root must be 9, and so on.

For example, give him the figures 74,088, and he can at once tell that 42 is the cube root, for the reason that 74 has 4 as a cube root, as the cube of 4 is 64, while the cube of 5 is 125, much more than 74, and 088 has 2 as a cube root.

Or give him a more difficult problem, as, for example, the figures 324,869. Then he will see at a glance that 324 is more than 216, which is the cube of 6, but is less than 343, the cube of 7. Therefore the cube root of these three figures is 6. In like manner the final figure of 869 being 9, it follows that the cube root of these three figures is 9, and thus the cube root of the six figures has been shown to be 69.

Any one can test this method for himself, and a little practice is all that is needed to make one as deft in such jugglery of figures as the best "lightning calculator."

Of course a skilled arithmetician could easily frame problems that could not be solved in this offhand fashion, but such difficult tests are seldom offered by public audiences, and, as a rule, the "artists" are easily able to answer all the questions asked of them.—New York Herald.

Ancient Surgery.

Surgery was practiced in Rome before the Christian era. Asclepiades practiced with great success in Bithynia 128 B. C. There is reason to believe that the Greeks practiced amputation and the sewing up of cuts and wounds. The title of surgeon was first recognized in England in 1299.

In a recent letter from Washington D. C., to an old friend, Major G. A Studer, for twenty years United States Consul at Singapore, says: "While at Des Moines I became acquainted with a liniment known as Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I found excellent against rheumatism as well as against soreness of the throat and chest (giving me much easier breathing). I had a touch of pneumonia early this week, and two applications freely applied to the throat and chest relieved me at once. I would not be without it for anything." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and tak no other. †

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Always Proves Effectual.

There are no better medicines on the market than Chamberlain's. We have used the Cough Remedy when all others failed, and in every instance it proved effectual. Almost daily we hear the virtues of Chamberlain's remedies extolled by those who have used them. This is not an empty puff, paid for at so much a line, but is voluntarily given in good faith, in the hope that suffering humanity may try these remedies and, like the writer, be benefitted.—From the Glenville (W. Va.) Pathfinder. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

After using a 10 cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm you will be sure to buy the 50 cent size. Cream Balm has no equal in curing catarrh and cold in head. Ask your druggist for it or send 10 cents to us.
ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

I suffered from Catarrh three years; it got so bad I could not work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston. †

WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY DINNER

should be one to make you have an appreciation of the day you celebrate. Make it memorable by eating a choice, juicy roast of beef from the rib, porterhouse or sirloin. Or try a saddle of our luscious mutton, or some of the fat and tender poultry that we are receiving fresh every day.

I. B. RHODES.
feb 10 tf Front Street Market.

BOOTLE'S BABY

Early in life was addicted to the use of the bottle.

There Are Babies Now that Indulge in the Self-same Luxury.

For the benefit of baby's papa (his plethoric? purse).

We are making a special drive on 8 ounce and 12 ounce graduated Nursers; i. e. We are selling them at unusually low prices. Now is the time to lay in a good supply.

All styles and sizes of Nipples, Nipple Shields, Bottle Fittings, Breast Pumps, Hot Water Bottles, bulb, hard rubber and fountain Syringes, hot water Bottles and Syringes, &c. All at rock bottom prices.

J. HICKS BUNTING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
feb 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE WORTH COMPANY
SUCCESSORS TO
WORTH & WORTH,
Wholesale Grocers, Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Commence business this day and assure their friends and customers of a continuance of the same business principles and policy which characterized their predecessors. All business entrusted to us will have our careful attention. feb 1 tf

Save Money on Hardware

By visiting our Store and looking over our new stock in

Stoves and Up-To Date Kitchen Utensils,

on which you save at least 10 per cent. on the dollar in comparison to what you can buy them for elsewhere.

Our fine Agate and Blue and White Enamel ware Utensils are the Acme of perfection for cooking purposes.

OUR PENINSULAR STEEL RANGE

must be seen to be appreciated, and it will be a pleasure for us to show you their construction and management. A fine and varied line of Cooking and Heating Stoves constantly on hand at low down prices. Try us and we will convince you.

Our lines of general Hardware, Cutlery, Brass goods, &c., are complete in each department

J. W. MURCHISON,
feb 6 tf ORTON BUILDING.

WANTED

IMMEDIATE SHIPMENTS OF

Coon, O'Possum, Fox,

Mink, Otter and Other Fur.

Highest Cash Prices Paid for Same

No Commission or Freight charged.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
de 18 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by
For sale by R. R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES
"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In Americ

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

The Morning Star.

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

Note the following Reduced Rates of Subscription:

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
Six Months, by Mail,	2.50
Three Months, by Mail,	1.25
Two Months, by Mail,	1.00
One Month, by Mail,	.50

DELIVERED, BY CARRIERS, TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS AT 45 CENTS PER MONTH.

Address,

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Nine rich men in North Carolina out of every ten commenced life poor They became rich by spending less than they made. No one gets rich who does not spend less than he makes Any one will get rich who continually spends less than he makes. Every young man of ordinary ability in Wilmington can and should save something each month. The man who will not save a portion of a small salary will not save a portion of a large salary. The boy who saves something every month will be promoted before the boy who spends all he makes. True manhood is required in order to deny one's self and save. It is weakness and folly to spend all, regardless of the "rainy day."

Industry, economy and integrity cause prosperity—not "Luck" or "Good Fortune."

For reasonable interest and absolute security, deposit your savings in

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

J. W. Norwood, Pres. D. L. Gore, Vice Pres. Lee H. Battle, Cash

THE ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CAPITAL $125,000. SURPLUS AND PROFITS $75,000.

AVERAGE DEPOSITS $700,000.

STATE AND CITY DEPOSITORY.

We desire new accounts, both large and small, and always endeavor to please our customers.

We extend every accommodation consistent with good business.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at nominal price. jan 29 tf

500 Vaccine Points to Arrive This Morning.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
jan 15 tf Wilmington, N. C.

LET US BOOK YOUR ORDERS FOR

Seed Potatoes,

Houlton Rose and Early Ohios.

Genuine stock. Now in transit. Get our prices before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,
Wholesale Grocer, Nut and Mulberry streets.
jan 18 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT, AT THE

Star Office.

SUITABLE FOR

WRAPPING PAPER

AND EXCELLENT FOR

Placing Under Carpet.

jan 1 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, New Hanover County. } Superior Court.

James W. Sneeden, Administrator of Mrs. Kate Brown, deceased,
vs.
Mortimer H. Brown et al.

By virtue of a decree made in the above entitled cause, the undersigned will expose for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, on Friday, the 11th day of March, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., the following described lots of land in Wilmington, N. C., to-wit:

1. A lot beginning at the northwestern intersection of Second and Dawson streets, runs thence northwardly with the eastern line of Second street 66 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Dawson street 198 feet to an alley, thence southwardly with the said alley 66 feet to Dawson street, thence eastwardly with the northern line of Dawson street 198 feet to the beginning, being the eastern part of Lot 5, Block 45.

2. A lot beginning in the eastern line of Eleventh street 132 feet north of Princess street, runs thence north with said eastern line of Eleventh street 33 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Princess street 132 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Eleventh street 33 feet, thence west parallel with Princess street 132 feet to the beginning, being a part of the western part of Lot 3, Block 188.

3. A lot beginning in the western line of Eighth street 99 feet north of Campbell street, runs thence northwardly with said western line of Eighth street 33 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Campbell street 165 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Eighth street 33 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Campbell street 165 feet to the beginning, being the east quarter of Lot 4, Block 282.

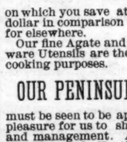
4. A lot beginning in the western line of Eighth street 132 feet north of Brunswick street, runs thence north with said western line of Eighth street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Brunswick street 165 feet, thence south parallel with Eighth street 66 feet, thence east parallel with Brunswick street 165 feet to the beginning, being the east half of Lot 3, Block 282.

5. A lot beginning at the northwestern intersection of Ninth street and Swann street, running thence northwardly with the eastern line of Ninth street 297 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Nixon street about 200 feet to the line of the property of the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co., thence with the said line southwestwardly about 355 feet to a point in the northern line of Swann street 70 feet eastwardly from the eastern line of Ninth street, thence westwardly with said northern line of Swann street 70 feet to the beginning, being the western parts of Lots 2, 3, 4 and 5 and a part of Lot 1, Block 328.

6. A lot beginning at the southwestern intersection of Nixon and Seventh streets, runs westwardly with the southern line of Nixon street 33 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Seventh street 60 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Nixon street 33 feet to Seventh street, thence northwardly with said line of Seventh street 60 feet to the beginning, being the east end of Lot 1, Block 325.

7. A lot beginning in the northern line of Princess street 132 feet west of the western line of Twelfth street, runs thence westwardly with said line of Princess street 33 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Twelfth street 165 feet, thence eastwardly parallel with Princess street 33 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Twelfth street 165 feet to the beginning, being parts of Lots 1, 2 and 3, Block 188.

WILKES MORRIS, Commissioner.
February 8th, 1898. feb 9 1m



CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

an 21 1y

SEABOARD AIR LINE
S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.
DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE
TO ALL POINTS
North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:26 P. M., Pembroke 5:46 P. M., Maxton 6:12 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 4—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:41 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:08 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M., Rockingham 7:39 P. M., Wadesboro 8:11 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., Athens 3:45 A. M., and Atlanta, 6:20 A. M. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points. Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:10 P. M., Richmond 8:56 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M. Arrives Weldon 11:10 P. M., Raleigh 2.07 A. M., Sanford 3:35 A. M., Hamlet 5:10 A. M., Rockingham 5:23 A. M., Wadesboro 5:54 A. M., Monroe 6.43 A. M., Charlotte 7:50 A. M., Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11.18 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon, Athens 1:15 P. M., Atlanta 3:50 P. M. Connections at Atlanta for all points South and West. Pullman Sleeper, Washington to Atlanta, and Portsmouth to Chester.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:40 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. Connects at Hamlet with trains from Washington, Portsmouth, Charlotte and Atlanta.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 1:00 P. M. Arrives Athens 3:16 P. M., Monroe 9:30 P. M. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 P. M., arrives Shelby 5:55 P. M., Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8.18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M., Wadesboro 10:31 P. M., Rockingham 11:05 P. M., Hamlet 11:20 P. M., Sanford 1:02 A. M., Raleigh 2:16 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:35 A. M., Richmond 8:18 A. M., Washington 12:31 noon. Pullman Sleepers, Atlanta to Washington and Chester to Portsmouth.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M., arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 7:00 A. M., arrives Hamlet 7:50 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M., arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M., arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
E. ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices, Portsmouth Va. sep 22 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y.
JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.
Condensed Schedule.

In Effect January 23rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	9 00 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	12 10 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	12 18 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	12 35 "
Leave Sanford	1 48 "
Leave Climax	3 47 "
Arrive Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Greensboro	4 30 "
Leave Stokesdale	5 17 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 47 "
Leave Rural Hall	6 15 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 17 P. M.
Leave Climax	12 45 "
Leave Sanford	2 36 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 55 "
Arrive Fayetteville	4 00 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 05 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4 DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 02 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3 DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 50 P. M
Leave Hope Mills	5 07 "
Leave Red Springs	5 43 "
Arrive Maxton	6 11 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 Mixed Daily Ex. Sunday.
Leave Madison	12 35 P. M
Leave Stokesdale	1 25 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 45 "
Leave Greensboro	3 15 "
Leave Climax	4 25 "
Arrive Ramseur	6 10 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
jan 23 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C.
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
CROATAN.....Saturday, Feb. 5
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Feb. 12

Wilmington for New York.
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Feb. 5
CROATAN.....Saturday, Feb. 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN.....Tuesday, Feb. 8
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Feb. 15

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. feb 5 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad
Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 43	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

STORES, OFFICES AND DWELLings for rent.

Horses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se 6 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect January 17, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.02 A. M., Warsaw 11.15 A. M., Goldsboro 12.05 A. M., Wilson 12.55 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.40 P. M., Tarboro 2.45 P. M., Weldon 4.33 P. M., Petersburg 6.22 P. M., Richmond 7.15 P. M., Norfolk 8.05 P. M., Washington 11.30 P.M. Baltimore 1.06 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 8.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.15 P. M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 P. M., Warsaw 9.10 P. M., Goldsboro 10.10 P. M., Wilson 11.06 P. M., †Tarboro 6.45 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.57 P. M., Weldon 1.42 A. M., †Norfolk 10.30 A. M., Petersburg 3.14 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.41 A. M., Baltimore 9.08 A. M., Philadelphia 11.25 A. M., New York 2.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 8.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 P. M., Chadbourn 5.41 P. M., Marion 6.43 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.10 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M., Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 5.25 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 P. M., *New York 9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 †A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 6.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 8.40 †A. M., Weldon 11.32 A. M., Tarboro 12.12 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.47 P. M., Wilson 2.27 P. M., Goldsboro 3.20 P. M., Warsaw 4.11 P. M., Magnolia 4.34 P. M.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.00 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.01 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.22 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.53 A. M. Magnolia 8.05 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.27 P. M., Jacksonville 7.40 P. M., Savannah 1 45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Columbia 6.00 A. M., Atlanta 8.20 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Sumter 8.08 A. M., Florence 9.58 A. M., Marion 10.36 A. M., Chadbourn 11.38 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 1200. P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.30 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.53 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 15, 1898

SUPPLIES FOR THE PATRIOTS.

Important Expedition Slips Away from Florida—Seventy Patriotic Cubans Aboard.

GEN. SANGUILLY COMMANDS.

Cargo of 5,000 Rifles, 200,000 Cartridges, 6,000 Pounds of Dynamite and Other Needed Supplies—Pinkerton's Spanish Spies Completely Outwitted.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., February 13.—A special to the *Times-Union and Citizen* from Tampa says:

Almost under the nose of Edward Gaylor, superintendent of Pinkerton's Spanish spies, a large Cuban expedition left Tampa last night and to-night sailed from a point on Peace river. The men, about 70 in number, walked through the streets of Tampa about 2 o'clock this morning and boarded a special train, which bore them to a point near where they were to em bark and there they remained in hiding until to-night, when a tug took them out to a steamer which bore them away to Cuba, Col. Emilio Nunez being in charge of the steamer. It is said that Gen. Sanguilly is the real commander, and color is given this rumor by the fact that when the men left here they were in charge of Col. Lechuga, who was first lieutenant of the personal staff selected by Sanguilly when he failed to get away from Jacksonville.

Supt. Gaylor, his son and another Pinkerton man have been here looking for Sanguilly, they believing that he was somewhere near. It is alleged that the Cubans have sent Sanguilly away on this trip to get rid of him in the United States. The detectives are totally ignorant of the departure of this expedition, and the first they will know of it will be when they see this.

It is understood that 5,000 rifles, 6,000 pounds of dynamite, 200,000 rounds of cartridges and a large lot of supplies made up the cargo.

The two Gaylors left here to-night, presumably for Jacksonville. Dr. Nunez, of Tampa, a relative of Emilio Nunez, was among the party that left for Cuba.

THE DE LOME INCIDENT.

State Department Will Not Divulge Contents of Woodford's Cable—Satisfactory Adjustment Expected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—It can be stated, that while details are not obtainable, matters regarding the De Lome incident have assumed such shape that an early and entirely satisfactory adjustment of the affair between the United States and Spain is confidently expected by the State Department.

The officials of the State Department still maintain their reticence as to the contents of the cablegram from Minister Woodford received late Saturday night. It may be said that all statements so far made as to the nature of this dispatch are speculative. The message was not deciphered until well along in the day yesterday, and then it passed into the hands of Assistant Secretary Day and the President in turn, who have been the only persons in Washington, save the employe who unravelled the cipher, to see the dispatch up to this time. No answer has been made as yet to Mr. Woodford's message, and it is by no means certain that an answer will be required.

Senor Dupuy de Lome has about completed his arrangements for leaving the United States. His present plans are to leave Washington tomorrow night, sailing from New York Wednesday on the English liner which goes to Liverpool. He has not been commanded to go to Madrid, and unless this order comes he will proceed from Liverpool to the continent for a quiet rest and then go to his home near Valencia.

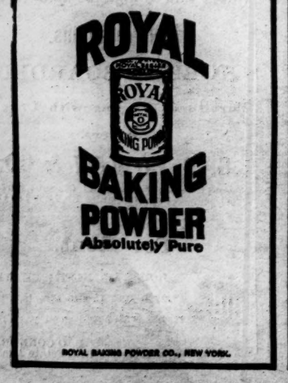
Notwithstanding all that has been said in the press about demands on Spain for apologies or retractions of the disagreeable things said by Senor De Lome in his letter, it can be positively stated that at no time since the publication of the letter has the State Department taken any such course. Instead, it has relied upon the sense of propriety of the Spanish Government to do all that was proper and needful to wipe out the unpleasant impression produced, and it can now be said that this course has been justified and that the Spanish cabinet, now being aware of the full text of the letter, is expected within a day or two to make such disclaimer of the letter as is required by the circumstances.

MEN ARE JUDGED by what they do. So is Hood's Sarsaparilla, and its great cures have given it a good name everywhere. It is the One True Blood Purifier and Great Nerve Tonic.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, biliousness. †

At the request of both Senators Butler and Pritchard, the Senate committee on Judiciary yesterday again postponed consideration of the nomination of Mr. Ewart to be judge of the Western District of North Carolina.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Two Phases of the Cuban Question Adverted to Briefly in the Senate.

MORGAN RESOLUTION PASSED.

Resolution Adopted in the House Calling for Information as to the Condition of Reconcentrados and Progress of Autonomy in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 14.—During the short open session of the Senate to-day two phases of the Cuban question were adverted to briefly.

Senator Morgan, Alabama, reported adversely from the Committee on Foreign Relations an amendment to the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents.

In response to an inquiry by Senator Allen, as to the status of the amendment and the effect upon it of the report, Senator Morgan said: "It is a favorable report as to the merits of the amendment and an unfavorable one as to tacking it to the Appropriation bill."

Mr. Allen called up his resolution relating to the free and unrestricted coinage of standard silver dollars without delay and without waiting for the consent of foreign nations and submitted some remarks upon it. Senator Allen reviewed at length the currency legislation of the past and maintained that silver as the money of the constitution ought to be received at the mints on an equality with gold.

Senator Morgan, in calling up his resolution requesting the President to furnish the Senate with certain information relative to Cuba, said it was his desire simply to learn what the situation in Cuba is at the present time. "It is important," said he, "that before any action is taken by the Senate upon this matter that we know whether the government has recognized the autonomous government in Cuba in advance of its perfection and whether an agent has come here to discuss reciprocity with the United States. The information asked for will clear the atmosphere and prevent us from stumbling or making any misstep in any consideration we may give the matter."

The resolution was passed. It is as follows:

"*Resolved*, That the President is requested, if in his opinion it is not incompatible with the public service, to send to the Senate copies of the reports of the consul general and of the consuls of the United States in Cuba, written or received since March 4th, 1897, which relate to the state of war in that island, and the condition of the people there, or that he will send such parts of said reports as will inform the Senate as to the facts.

"Second, That the President inform the Senate whether any agent of a government in Cuba has been credited to this government, or the President of the United States, with authority to negotiate a treaty of reciprocity with the United States, or any other diplomatic or commercial agreement with the United States, and whether such person has been recognized and received as the representative of such government in Cuba."

The Senate at 1.25, on motion of Senator Davis, went into executive session and at 5.10 P. M. adjourned.

House of Representatives.

Considerable unnecessary excitement was caused among the members of the House to-day by the rumor broadly circulated before the House convened, that important action relative to Cuba was to be taken. It turned out to be simply a resolution of inquiry, unanimously reported by the Foreign Affairs Committee last week, calling on the State Department for information as to the condition of the reconcentrados in Cuba and the progress made in Spain's efforts to induce the Cubans to accept autonomy. The resolution was adopted without division. Another resolution was adopted calling for the correspondence relating to the exclusion of our fruits, beef and horses from Germany. The remainder of the day was devoted to District of Columbia business.

Soon after the reading of the Journal, Mr. Quigg of New York, Republican, a member of the Foreign Affairs Committee, called up the resolution reported from that committee, calling upon the Secretary of State, if not incompatible with the public interest, to transmit to the House the correspondence relating to the discrimination of the German Government against the importation of American beef, fruit or horses. It was adopted without division.

Mr. Quigg followed this with the Cuban resolution. It was the resolution offered by Mr. Williams slightly modified as follows:

Resolved, By the House of Representatives, That the Secretary of State be, and he hereby is, directed, if in his opinion not incompatible with the public interest, to inform the House what information if any has been received at the Department of State concerning the present condition of the reconcentrados in Cuba; whether or not they have been permitted to return to their estates; whether or not they or any considerable number of them are now on their estates; whether or not any zones, or considerable parts of zones, are now being cultivated by them, according to the reports received at the Department of State from American consuls or consular agents; what steps, if any, are shown by said consular reports to have been taken by the Spanish Government for feeding said reconcentrados or for otherwise preventing them from starving and suffering; whether or not the Spanish Government has given the necessary military protection to enable the mills to grind cane, and what progress has been made in Spain's effort to induce the Cubans to accept autonomy.

"Section 2. That the Secretary of State be directed, if his opinion, not incompatible with the public interest, to send to the House copies of all such reports from consuls, vice consuls and commercial agents of the United States in Cuba as may shed light upon the subjects above referred to, and as shall give information to the House and the country concerning the condition of Cuba since the advent of the new regime under General Bianco."

Mr. Quigg made a brief statement, saying that in December the President had notified the House that the indefensible policy of concentration in Cuba had been abandoned by Spain in deference to the repeated requests of our government, and that a more peaceful and humane policy had been adopted. The object of this resolution was simply to ascertain what had been done and what steps had been taken looking to the acceptance of autonomy by the Cuban people. Three months, he added, have elapsed since autonomy had been promulgated.

In order to retain control of the floor, Mr. Quigg asked for the previous question, but yielded five minutes to Mr. Dinsmore, Democrat, Arkansas, the senior minority member of the Foreign Affairs committee, who said the resolution had been unanimously reported by the committee.

Mr. Terry, Democrat, Arkansas, asked Mr. Quigg if the committee on Foreign Affairs had considered the De Lome incident.

"That is hardly a pertinent inquiry," replied Mr. Quigg blandly.

"It is a pertinent inquiry in the minds of the American people," exclaimed Mr. Terry, "and don't you forget it."

"It is being considered by the proper authorities," retorted Mr. Quigg.

There was no effort on the part of the minority to contest the ordering of the previous question and the resolution was adopted without a dissenting voice.

At 4.55 P. M., the House adjourned.

FOREIGNERS IN CHINA INSULTED AND MOBBED.

Riot and Attack the Order of the Day in All Sections of the Chinese Empire.

[Correspondence of the Associated Press.]

SHANGHAI, February 9.—Authentic reports have reached here of recent date from all sections of the Chinese Empire, indicating that riot and attack upon foreigners is the order of the day. The attacks seem to be those of isolated ruffians rather than a concerted action on the part of the populace.

In one of the central provinces, Hupeh, a riot was instigated by the students of the military academy. Seventeen leaders of the riots have been arrested and are standing trial. A chapel of the Wesleyan mission was destroyed during the riot.

In the same province several Chinese merchants doing a large business, were set upon by marauders, and after a fierce fight the robbers carried away the spoils, consisting of 7,000 taels, which the merchants were carrying in coin to a neighboring city for mercantile purposes.

From Soochow in central China, comes the authoritative information that in the collection of rentals in and around Soochow there has been a persistent refusal on the part of the natives, and that an altercation occurred in which a woman was killed and others were injured. The native magistrates themselves, when attempting to hear those cases, have been robbed, pelted with mud, and compelled to flee from the court of justice.

In Canton, from the very south of China, where most of the travelling is by the rivers and canals, steam launches and boats carrying foreigners have been repeatedly held-up by bands of ruffians, and recently a European woman missionary was brutally treated, her boat being held up in the river.

From Formosa, just off the coast of Central China, authentic reports come that the whole of the country is disturbed. Repeated attacks by armed bands of robbers are being reported day by day. Travel in the interior is unsafe at the present time.

From the province of Chuen, one of the provinces nearest the highlands of Thibet, authentic information comes of riots instigated and led on by military students and of the destruction of property.

In the well-governed city of Shanghai and in the European section there are confirmed reports of insulting treatment of foreigners by Chinese, Chinese soldiers, even in Shanghai, have attempted to to throw foreigners from their carriages.

In view of the fact that treaties are soon to throw sections of Japan open to foreigners, there are interesting reports of the Buddhist and Shintoo priests assembled in one of the principal provinces to discuss the situation. They have promulgated the following four resolutions, and request all Japanese to be governed by them:

1. To cultivate feelings of abhorrence of foreigners and to refuse on principle to sell or to buy of them anything whatsover.
2. To refuse absolutely to rent their houses or lands to foreigners.
3. To refrain entirely from using foreign terms in speaking and writing.
4. To positively decline to listen to Christianity.

UNITY OF SILVER FORCES.

Senator Marion Butler's Mission to the Minneapolis Conference.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 14.—Senator Marion Butler, chairman of the Populist National Committee, and ex-Senator DuBois left to-day for Minneapolis to attend the meeting of the Minnesota Populists to be held there Wednesday. The purpose of their attendance is to try to induce the meeting to pronounce in favor of unity of action by all the silver forces in the elections of the future, regardless of the political affiliations of candidates. This is a part of the general movement which has been inaugurated here by the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans looking to a unification of forces, and much interest is felt in the success of the mission of Messrs. Butler and DuBois. Congressman Hartman will go to Minneapolis to-night on the same mission.

THE SPANISH CABINET.

Discussed the State of the War in Cuba and the De Lome Matter—His Successor Appointed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, February 14.—The cabinet met at 5 o'clock this afternoon and discussed the present state of the war in Cuba and the De Lome matter at great length. It was decided to publish a decree accepting the resignation of Senor Dupuy De Lome as minister to Washington and appointing Senor Louis Polo Bernabe as his successor.

A decree will also be issued convening the Chambers before the end of this month, so as to enable the election of the new Cortes to occur on March 20th.

Senor Gullon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, informed the cabinet that United States Minister Woodford had just handed him a note referring to Senor Dupuy De Lome's letter and to the meaning of several paragraphs in it.

AN ENORMOUS WHALE.

Killed on Shackelford's Banks Near Beaufort Bar by Capt. Moore's Crew.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BEAUFORT, N. C., February 14.—Capt. Moore's whaling crew on Shackelford's banks, near the bar, to-day killed the largest whale captured here in many years, measuring sixty feet long; bone, seven and a half feet. The whale will make sixty-five barrels of oil and is estimated to be worth $1,800.

THE MODERN WAY

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches, and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by California Fig Syrup Co.

FOR THE CUBAN INSURGENTS.

Another Expedition With Arms and Ammunition—Best Yet Sent in Point of Value.

SPANISH SPIES ON THE ALERT.

Treasury Department Informed That the Dauntless Has Left Savannah and Customs Officials and Revenue Cutters Notified.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—It was announced to-day in Cuban circles in this city that a cargo of arms and ammunition was successfully shipped on a tug boat late on Saturday night from a point on the Delaware river below Wilmington, Delaware. The cargo is reported to have consisted of 100,000 rounds of cartridges and about 500 rifles. The tug boat is said to have been one of seven sent out on the same night from various points along the coast with orders to rendezvous at a point off the Atlantic coast beyond the jurisdiction of the United States Government and there to transfer their cargo to a steamer.

The vessel said to have been used was a small but fast tug boat, which steamed from the upper Delaware river to Wilmington. At a number of points along the Delaware shore men were stationed, with small skiffs and supplies of war munitions of such bulk as not to attract attention. When darkness had fallen a signal was given from the tug boat and at intervals the skiffs, propelled by muffled oars, shot out from the shore and in a short time the cargo was placed on board and the small boats returned to the shore.

The work was done under the direction of a prominent Cuban of this city. When he arrived here to-day and made the result of his work known he said: "The De Lome affair is a great thing for us. We have been preparing for several days for this venture and we believe it will be the best yet sent out in point of value. The Junta believe it is safer to send small lots in the manner we did on Saturday night. The expedition consists entirely of arms and ammunition and no men will be sent on the steamer that was assigned to meet the tugs."

For obvious reasons he declined to say where the tugs were to meet the steamer until he felt assured she had gotten away safely.

The Dauntless Sails.

SAVANNAH, February 14.—The tug Dauntless left Savannah yesterday morning, loaded with sixty tons of coal. It is rumored that she will meet another vessel off Tampa.

WASHINGTON, February 14.—The officials of the Treasury Department have information through Spanish sources, that the suspected filibuster Dauntless has succeeded in eluding the vigilance of the Government officials at Savannah and has passed out of her harbor to sea. The Dauntless is said to have a cargo of arms, ammunition and other supplies intended for the Cuban insurgents The Treasury Department has notified the customs officials and revenue cutters along the coast to be on the alert and detain the supposed filibuster if possible.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., February 14.—A special to the *Times-Union and Citizen*, from Fernandina, Fla., says:

A tug, supposed to be the Dauntless, slipped up to the steamer wharf here at 10.30 last night and proceeded at once to take on boxes and supplies supposed to be ammunition. About midnight seventy Cubans arrived by special train and immediately went aboard. Colonel Nunez was in charge. A full supply of coal was also taken aboard, and she went to sea at 2.30 A. M. The deputy collectors' houses were closely watched to prevent interference from them.

A special to the same paper from Tampa, Fla., says: The Cuban expedition that left here is now safely at sea, and will join the expedition that left Fernandina on the Dauntless. All the facts were verified and there is no doubt as to the truth of the story.

MINNEAPOLIS CONFERENCE.

Hon. W. J. Bryan and Other Leading Silver Advocates Will be Present.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, February 14.—A special to the *Post-Dispatch* from Lincoln, Neb., says: Hon. W. J. Bryan left today for Minneapolis to be present at the conference of leading silver advocates of the Northwest. The conference will continue three days. Senator Marion Butler, chairman of the Populist National Central Committee, Hartmann, of Kentucky, and many other leading silver advocates will be present. It is said the conference will be secret and the plans for the Fall campaign in the various States will be the theme. Mr. Bryan was urged to be present by a large number of statesmen who intended going.

STEEL PROJECTILES.

Large Force of Hands at Work on Orders from the Navy Department.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

READING, PA., February 14.—The Carpenter Steel Company, of this city, is working on double turn with a force of 250 men, and there is a report that it has received an order from the Navy Department for 27,000 steel projectiles, ranging in weight from 480 to 1,080 pounds each. Everybody connected with the works preserves great secrecy, but recent large shipments show that projectiles are being turned out in large quantities.

WARM WIRELETS.

The resolution of Representative Lewis, of Washington, demanding Minister DeLome's recall was introduced in the House of Representatives yesterday.

The United States cruiser Montgomery sailed from Port-au-Prince late last Sunday night, under cipher orders received from Washington. It is believed that her destination is Havana.

Some time ago Mark Baldwin, the base ball pitcher, filed a suit in the St. Louis Circuit Court to secure payment of the judgment secured against Chris Von Der Ahe in Pittsburg. Von Der Ahe has filed an amended answer, claiming $50,000 damages for being removed from the State of Missouri against his will.

PITCHER'S
CASTORIA
THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT
Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper

DE LOME'S INSULT TO THE PRESIDENT.

Formal Demand Made Through Mr. Woodford That Spain Make Disavowal.

THE SPANISH CABINET REPLY.

Decided Unanimously That De Lome's Resignation and the Terms of the Decree Accepting it Are Sufficient Satisfaction.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

[BULLETIN.]

MADRID, February 14.—The note from Minister Woodford demanded that Spain should formally disavow the insults to President McKinley, contained in Senor De Lome's letter to Senor Canalejas.

The cabinet council, it is reported, decided unanimously to reply to Minister Woodford that Senor DeLome's spontaneous resignation and the terms of the decree accepting it were considered sufficient satisfaction.

It is understood that Minister Woodford received this intimation, and dispatched a long cipher telegraph message to Washington.

ANOTHER WEEK OF SENSATIONS.

Railroad Commission Scheduled to Do a Turn in Raleigh—Dr. Abbott Defies Russell.

U. S. COURT TO TAKE A HAND.

Governor Seems to be Reconciled to the Fact That Pearson and Caldwell Must Go—The Penitentiary Shirt Factory to Begin.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 14.

This will be another week of sensations, as the Railroad Commission is scheduled to do a turn. Dr. Abbott has already started the fever by defiance of Governor Russell and his satellite commissioners. Next Monday the United States Supreme Court will take a hand in the matter. On that date Messrs. Caldwell and Pearson are cited to appear before the court and show cause why they should not be attached for contempt. The Governor and nearly all of his followers seem to be reconciled to the fact that the ruling of the court means that Pearson and Caldwell must go.

The directors of the Blind Institution will advertise to-day for contracts for the new dormitory and auditorium building. The building will cost $22,000. It is hoped that work will be begun by the 1st of March.

The shirt factory at the penitentiary will commence operation during the day. It is believed by many that the State got the worst end of the bargain with the shirt people.

The Wilbur-Kirwin Opera Company arrived here from Wilmington yesterday, and will remain throughout the week. This is the most popular theatrical attraction that visits Raleigh. The engagement is a return one.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25-cents per box. For sale by R. R. Bellamy †

The State Department officially denies reports alleging that General Fitzhugh Lee, consul general to Cuba, had tendered his resignation.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Open Sunday Mornings—Yarborough & Murray's Arcade will be open Sunday mornings from 7 till 12 o'clock to allow its patrons the privilege of hot and cold water baths. 28 North Front street. feb 13 tf

Lost, last Thursday night, on Princess between Third and Fourth streets, or on Fourth between Princess and Ann streets, a lady's black feather boa. Finder will please leave at the STAR office. feb 13 2t

Wanted—Refined Lady of good address, or hustling gentleman, for each county and city in North Carolina to introduce our high class publications. Liberal commissions; salary and commission where agents can travel continuously; splendid opportunity for right party. Address, with reference, "Manager," first floor, Monroe Building, Norfolk, Va. feb 12 1w

Housekeepers Take Notice that N. C. Hams, Turkeys, Chickens and Eggs can be had at very low prices of H. J. Bierman, Wholesale and Retail Commission Merchant, 105 South Front street. feb 12 tf

The Finest Butter that comes to Wilmington is sold by L. Tate Bowden, No. 6 Princess street. Shipments of country produce solicited. Prompt and satisfactory returns. feb 8 tf

Metropolitan Barbers—Myself and assistant are just from Greater New York. We can give you all the latest Metropolitan styles in Hair Dressing. Hair Cut and Shampoo 20 cents, each; Shave 10 cents. Wm. Tienken, 106 Princess street. feb 9 tf

Ladies Wanted to travel and appoint agents for old established house. Permanent position; $40 per month and all expenses. Z., Box 82, Philadelphia, Pa. de 18 D&W tf

Automatic Oil Can—Most complete can made. Shuts itself off when full. Fill your lamp in dark without the possibility of spilling the oil. Privilege of handling in one man in each town. A good thing for the right man. Wilmington people can buy direct from us. S. L. Smith & Son, manufacturers, Wilmington, N. C. jan 23 1m

M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, is prepared to handle all classes of Country Produce, and solicits the same. Beef, Cattle and Milch Cows a specialty. jan 29 tf

Notice—I will lend you Money, or stand your Bond—Houses and Lots for sale on installments of $50 and up. Aquila J. Marshall, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 214 Princess Street. jan 16 1 m

Money Made and time saved by new process for Parching Peanuts. I can roast large quantities at a time. It will pay you to let me roast for you. Write for particulars. A. E. Blake Wilmington, N. C. de 23 tf

Fresh Ground Graham Flour, Big Hominy, N. C. Head Rice, Choice Hay, and all kinds of Feed; lowest prices. Jno. S. McEachern. Bell Phone 92, Inter-State Phone No. 92. de 9 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

Mr. E. R. Hughes

Can be found with the undersigned, where he is ready at all times to give you as good a Shave as can be had, as well as a Hair Cut, or any thing else in our line. He is not from New York; but only from Baltimore, but he "gets there" all the same.

Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT,
feb 6 tf 11 South Front street.

NEW STOCK.

THE WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD AND LOAN ASSOCIATION Will on MARCH 5th Start its TWELFTH Series of Stock.

Those desiring to secure Stock in this new Series should do so before that date by applying to any Officer or Director of the Association.

J. C. STEVENSON, President.
H. C. McQUEEN, Vice Pres't.
G. D. PARSLEY.
L. S. BELDEN.
T. O. BUNTING.
C. W. POLVOGT.
WM. GOODMAN.
J. H. HARDIN.
N. M. McEACHERN.
O. M. FILLYAW.
C. C. BROWN, Secretary and Treasurer.
feb 13 1w

Vollers & Hashagen.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS brands of 5 cent Cigars,

"Cuban Blossom,"
"Renown, Renown,"
"Cuban Blossom."

We are sole agents also for

"Stock's Best" Flour,
"Stock's Best" Flour.

Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.
Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.

No Flour superior sold in any market in the United States.

Prices and samples cheerfully sent. feb 6 tf

More New PIANOS By Steamer This Week,

Making our stock the most complete one in the State.

If you are in want of a first class article at a low price you will find that our Establishment offers you advantages.

We are always ready to show our Instruments, whether you purchase or not.

E. VAN LAER,
feb 8 tf 402 and 404 North Fourth Street. tu th sa

For Rent.

HOUSE, seven rooms, Market, between Second and Third streets.

HOUSE on Princess, between Fifth and Sixth streets, seven rooms. Modern improvements.

HOUSE on Princess, between Ninth and Tenth streets, eight rooms and cistern.

HOUSE on South Third street, ten rooms. Furnished or unfurnished. Modern improvements.

STORE on South Water street, between Market and Dock.

STORE on North Water street, between Princess and Chesnut.

Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
feb 13 3t Real Estate Agent.

Everything Advancing.

Place your orders quick with us:

250 Barrels Flour, all grades.
600 Sacks Flour, all grades.
125 Barrels Sugar.
100 Sacks R. P. Seed Oats.
125 Sacks Mixed Oats.
75 Sacks White Oats.
25 Barrels Syrup.
25 Barrels Molasses.
600 Sacks Meal.

Ask for quotations.

ROBT. R. STONE & CO.,
feb 13 tf Nos. 5 & 7 South Water street.

NEW RIVER MULLETS

100 Barrels Mullets.
50 Barrels E. R. Potatoes.
20 Barrels Houlton Potatoes.
25 Boxes Spoon Soap.
90 Boxes M Lye.
50 Boxes Star Lye.
25 Boxes 5c Lye.
25 Boxes Star Potash.
15 Boxes M Potash.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
feb 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

LOOK! LOOK!! Fifty Head of HORSES AND MULES

JUST ARRIVED, AND GOOD ONES.

When you want one come and see me and you will always find them. A new car load received every week. You can always buy one cheap from

F. T. MILLS,
feb 13 tf 112 and 114 North Water St.

GUANO! GUANO!!

Mapes' Potato and other Truck Manures.

Also Navassa, Gibbs' High Grade Acids and Kainits.

50 Barrels E. R. Potatoes.
50 Bags Early Ohio Potatoes.

Also Meat, Corn, Molasses and other goods.

D. L. GORE.
feb 1 tf

PLUMBING!

We Have Added This Line to Our Business,

—AND WITH—

MODERATE PRICES AND GOOD WORK,

Welhope to receive a fair share of the public Patronage.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.
jan 5 tf

The C. W. Polvogt Co

No. 9 North Front St.

Will offer for one week the following reductions in their stock of Blankets, Comforters and Underwear.

Our	Regular	$8.00	Down	Quilt	now	$6.50
"	"	6.75	"	"	"	5.50
"	"	5.00	"	"	"	4.25
Our	Regular	8.50	Wool	Blankets	"	6.50
"	"	7.00	"	"	"	5.50
"	"	4.50	"	"	"	3.50
Our	Regular	2.50	Cotton	Comforters	"	1.75
"	"	1.75	"	"	"	1.30
"	"	1.50	"	"	"	1.15
"	"	1.25	"	"	"	1.00
Our	Regular	1.50	Gents'	Underwear	"	1.25
"	"	1.25	"	"	"	1.00
"	"	1.00	"	"	"	85
Our	Regular	75	Ladies Ribbed	Underwear		50
"	"	50	"	"	"	39

Ten per cent. discount on Children's Underwear. Ladies' and Children's Wraps AT COST. Special prices throughout our Carpet Department. March Patterns and Fashion Sheets have arrived. Come and get one. Sole agents for the W. B. CORSETS. feb 6 tf

AS USUAL WE ARE WELL PREPARED

To supply the public with the highest grade of fuel, and beg to ask attention to the following:

Red Ash Egg Coal,
White Ash Egg Coal,
White Ash Stove Coal,
White Ash Chestnut Coal,
White Ash Furnace Coal,
Pea Coal, Pocahontas Coal,
Tennessee Coal.

Oak Wood, Ash Wood,

Blackjack and Lightwood, Cut for Stoves, Grates, &c., &c.

Full weight and full measure delivered in best of order at the lowets prices. We thank you for orders.

J. A. SPRINGER & CO.
jan 30 tf

A SHINING BEACON

The Hearth Lit Up By Our Famous Coal Casts

Its effulgence beyond the confines of the room, and the weary wayfarer finds hope and cheer in the far reaching ray. Comfort yourself, your family, and the belated pedestrian by using our high grade Coals.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.
jan 1

Carpets Must Go.

ALL WOOL CARPETS AT 45 CENTS PER YARD

The Best 10-Wire Tapestry at 67 Cents Per Yard.
Brussel Carpets From 43 to 57 cents Per Yard.

Blankets, Comforts and Red and White Flannels at a sacrifice. THE GOODS MUST GO. Call and see our White Dimities at 9 cents. These prices will last for 15 days.

J. J. SHEPARD,
feb 1 tf 18 MARKET STREET.

GET OUR PRICES FOR ALL KINDS OF

Stationery, Blank Books, Office and Typewriters' Supplies before placing your orders. We can save you money.

MYERS & LEWIS,
Phone 110. N. E. Corner Front and Market Streets.
feb 3 tf

FRANK H. STEDMAN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Fire AND Tornado Insurance

YOUR BUSINESS IS SOLICITED AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

OFFICE AT
Southwest corner of Front and Chesnut Sts.
de 3 tf

Ask Your Druggist

ABOUT IT AND GET A BOTTLE TO-DAY,

You May Need It To-Night,

PYXIS CROUP REMEDY.

Always pleasant, safe, certain.
jan 29 tf

Some send to Cammeyer's, others send elsewhere for what they need in SHOES, while all can save themselves money by buying at home. We have Val. Duttenhofer & Son's Ladies' Shoes at the uniform price of $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00. This line is unexcelled. We carry Mundell's Children Shoes at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50; besides many cheaper grades in all kinds. We sell a splendid line of Gent's Shoes also. We invite you to inspect our stock and WEAR OUR SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

824 steps east from corner Front and Princess streets. jan 24 tf